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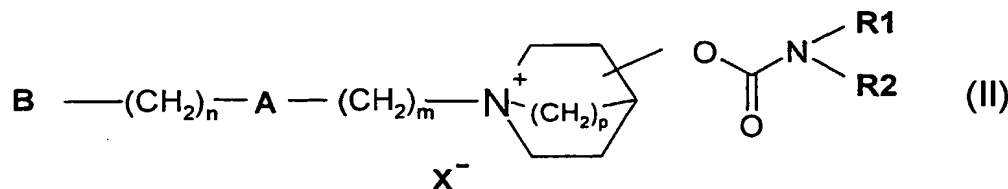
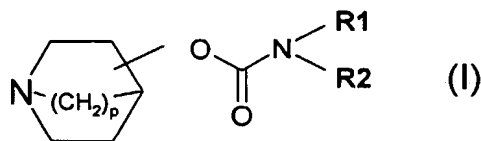
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(54) Title: NOVEL QUINUCLIDINE DERIVATIVES AND MEDICINAL COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING THE SAME



(57) Abstract: Carbamates of formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, including quaternary ammonium salts of formula (II) are disclosed; as well as processes for their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions comprising them and their use in therapy as antagonists of M3 muscarinic receptors.

**NOVEL QUINUCLIDINE CARBAMATE DERIVATIVES AND MEDICINAL
COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING THE SAME**

5 This invention relates to new therapeutically useful quinuclidine carbamate derivatives, to some processes for their preparation and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

10 The structures according to the invention are antimuscarinic agents with a potent and long lasting effect. In particular, these compounds show high affinity and selectivity for muscarinic M3 receptors over M2 receptors. The M3 subtype of muscarinic receptor is present in glands and smooth muscle and mediates the excitatory effects of the parasympathetic system on glandular secretion and on the contraction of visceral smooth muscle (Chapter 6, *Cholinergic Transmission*, in H.P. Rang et al., *Pharmacology*, Churchill Livingstone, New York, 1995).

15 M3 antagonists are therefore known to be useful for treating diseases characterised by an increased parasympathetic tone, by excessive glandular secretion or by smooth muscle contraction (R.M. Eglen and S.S. Hegde, (1997), *Drug News Perspect.*, 10(8):462-469).

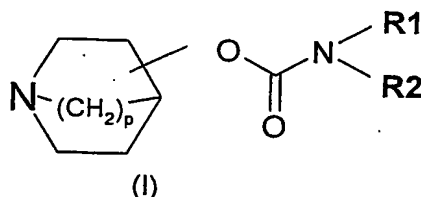
20 Examples of this kind of diseases are respiratory disorders such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), bronchitis, bronchial hyperreactivity, asthma, cough and rhinitis; urological disorders such as urinary incontinence, pollakiuria, neurogenic or unstable bladder, cystospasm and chronic cystitis; gastrointestinal disorders such as irritable bowel syndrome, spastic colitis, diverticulitis and peptic ulceration; and cardiovascular disorders such as vagally induced sinus bradycardia (Chapter 7, *Muscarinic Receptor Agonists and Antagonists*, in *Goodman and Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics*, 10th edition, McGraw Hill, New York, 2001).

30 The compounds of the invention can be used alone or in association with other drugs commonly regarded as effective in the treatment of these diseases. For example, they can be administered in combination with β_2 -agonists, steroids, antiallergic drugs, phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors and/or leukotriene D4 (LTD4) antagonists for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of a respiratory disease.

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The present invention provides new quinuclidine carbamate derivatives with potent antagonist activity at muscarinic M3 receptors, which fall under the chemical structure described in formula (I) or are pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, including quaternary salts of formula (II).

Formula (I) represents a carbamate of the following general structure:



wherein

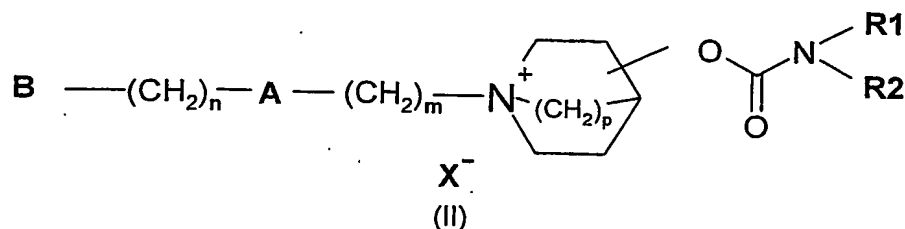
R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, benzyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, and thiophen-3-ylmethyl;

R2 represents a group selected from optionally substituted lower alkyl, optionally substituted lower alkenyl, optionally substituted lower alkynyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkylmethyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, pyridyl, and pyridylmethyl; wherein the carbocyclic moieties in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, phenyl, benzyl or phenethyl groups can be optionally bridged or fused to another saturated, unsaturated or aromatic carbocyclic moiety or to a cyclic moiety comprising carbon atoms and 1 or 2 oxygen atoms;

the cyclic groups present in R1 and R2 being optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, -NR'R'', -CO₂R', -C(O)-NR'R'', -N(R''')C(O)-R', -N(R''')-C(O)NR'R'', wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which they are attached form a cyclic group;

p is 1 or 2 and the carbamate group is attached at positions 2, 3 or 4 of the azabicyclic ring,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, including quaternary ammonium salts of formula (II)



wherein R₁, R₂ and p are as defined above;

m is an integer from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 0 to 4;

A represents a group selected from -CH₂-, -CH=CR'-, -CR'=CH-, -CR'R''-, -C(O)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂- and -NR'-, wherein R' and R'' are as defined above;

B represents a hydrogen atom, or a group selected from straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, cyano, nitro, -CH=CR'R'', -C(O)OR', -OC(O)R', -SC(O)R', -C(O)NR'R'', -NR'C(O)OR'', -NR'C(O)NR'', cycloalkyl, phenyl, naphthanelyl, 5,6,7,8-

tetrahydronaphthanelyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl; R' and R'' being as defined above; and wherein the cyclic groups represented by B are optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, phenyl, -OR', -SR', -NR'R'', -NHCOR', -CONR'R'', -CN, -NO₂ and -COOR'; R' and R'' being as defined above;

X⁻ represents a pharmaceutically acceptable anion of a mono or polyvalent acid;

including all individual stereoisomers of formulae (I) or (II) and mixtures thereof;

with the proviso that the compound of formula (I) is not one of

Diphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Ethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Further objectives of the present invention are to provide processes for preparing said compounds; pharmaceutical compositions comprising an effective amount of said compounds; the use of the compounds in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diseases susceptible of being improved by antagonism of M3 muscarinic receptors; and methods of treatment of diseases susceptible to amelioration by antagonism of M3 muscarinic receptors, which methods comprise the administration of the compounds of the invention to a subject in need of treatment.

In the compounds of the invention it is preferred that at least one of R1 or R2 be substituted. Particularly preferred compounds of formula (I) or (II) are those wherein when the cyclic group present in R1 is unsubstituted or has only one substituent R2 has at least one substituent. Also preferred are compounds wherein when R2 is not substituted the cyclic group present in R1 has at least two substituents.

J. L. G. Nilsson et al. describe in Acta Pharm. Suecica, 5:71-76 (1968) a group of quinuclidine carbamate derivatives having antimalarial activity, among which diphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester and ethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester are mentioned.

WO 02/00652 discloses a group of compounds which fall under the general structure of formula (I) or (II). The specific compounds disclosed in that application are excluded from the present invention.

Thus, in those compounds of formula (I) as described above, wherein

p is 2;

the carbamate group is attached at position 3 of the azabicyclic ring;

and R1 is an unsubstituted indanyl group or a phenyl group, which is optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from chlorine, fluorine, bromine, methyl, hydroxy and cyano;

then R2 cannot be one of: unsubstituted cyclopropylmethyl; unsubstituted cyclobutylmethyl; unsubstituted cyclopentylmethyl; cyclohexylmethyl optionally

substituted with a methyl or an isopropenyl group; unsubstituted cyclohexenyl;
unsubstituted norbornenyl; unsubstituted bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanyl; unsubstituted
benzo[1,3]dioxolyl; unsubstituted 2,3-dihydrobenzo[1,4]dioxinyl; unsubstituted benzyl ;
a benzyl group which is substituted with one or two substituents selected from fluorine,
5 chlorine, bromine, methoxy, methyl, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tertbutyl, hydroxy,
hydroxymethyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl, trifluoromethoxy, benzyloxy, isopropoxy; and a
benzyl group which is substituted with three fluorine atoms.

Further, in those compounds of formula (II) as described above wherein

p is 2;

the carbamate group is attached at position 3 of the azoniabicyclic ring having (3R)-
configuration;

R1 is a phenyl group which is optionally substituted with a fluorine atom or a methyl
group;

R2 is an unsubstituted cyclohexylmethyl group or a benzyl group which is optionally
substituted with one or three fluorine atoms;

and X- iodine;

then, the sequence B-(CH₂)_n-A-(CH₂)_m- cannot be a methyl group.

More specifically, the following compounds are explicitly excluded from the scope of
the invention:

(3R)-3-(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane
iodide

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluorobenzyl)phenylcarbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.
2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-3-(Benzyl-o-tolylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-1-Methyl-3-[o-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-
azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluorobenzyl)-m-tolylcarbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane
iodide

(3R)-3-[Benzyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

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As used herein, an alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl group or moiety can be straight or branched, and is typically a lower alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl group. A lower alkyl group contains 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6, carbon atoms. Examples include methyl, ethyl, propyl, including i-propyl, butyl, including n-butyl, sec-butyl and tert-butyl, 1-methylbutyl, 1-ethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, n-hexyl or 1-ethylbutyl groups. More preferably a lower alkyl group contains from 1 to 4 carbon atoms. A lower alkenyl or alkynyl group contains 2 to 8, preferably 2 to 6, carbon atoms. Examples include vinyl, allyl, 1-propenyl, 4-pentenyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butylnyl, 2-butylnyl or 3-butylnyl groups. More preferably, a lower alkenyl or alkynyl group contains 2 to 4 carbon atoms.

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Optionally substituted lower alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups mentioned herein include straight or branched lower alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups as defined above, which may be unsubstituted or substituted in any position by one or more substituents, for example by 1, 2 or 3 substituents. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different. The substituent(s) are typically halogen atoms, preferably fluoride atoms, and hydroxy or alkoxy groups.

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Alkoxy and alkylthio groups mentioned herein are typically lower alkoxy and alkylthio groups, that is groups containing from 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the hydrocarbon chain being branched or straight and optionally substituted in any position by one or more substituents, for example by 1, 2 or 3 substituents. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different. The substituent(s) are typically halogen atoms, most preferably fluoride atoms, and hydroxy groups. Preferred optionally substituted alkoxy groups include methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, sec-butoxy, t-butoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, hydroxymethoxy, 2-hydroxyethoxy or 2-hydroxypropoxy. Preferred optionally substituted alkylthio groups include methylthio, ethylthio, n-propylthio, i-propylthio, n-butylthio, sec-butylthio, t-butylthio, trifluoromethylthio, difluoromethylthio, hydroxymethylthio, 2-hydroxyethylthio or 2-hydroxypropylthio.

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Cyclic groups mentioned herein include, unless otherwise specified, carbocyclic and heterocyclic groups. The cyclic groups can contain one or more rings. Carbocyclic groups may be aromatic or alicyclic, for example cycloalkyl groups. Heterocyclic groups also include heteroaryl groups.

Cycloalkyl groups and alicyclic groups mentioned herein, unless otherwise specified, typically contain from 3 to 7 carbon atoms. Cycloalkyl groups and alicyclic rings of 3 to 7 carbon atoms include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and cycloheptyl.

As used herein an aromatic group typically contains from 5 to 14, preferably 5 to 10 carbon atoms. Examples of aromatic groups include phenyl and naphthalenyl.

A heterocyclic or heteroaromatic group mentioned herein is typically a 5 to 10 membered group, such as a 5, 6 or 7 membered group, containing one or more heteroatoms selected from N, S and O. Typically, 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms are present, preferably 1 or 2 heteroatoms. A heterocyclic or heteroaromatic group may be a single ring or two or more fused rings wherein at least one ring contains a heteroatom.

Examples of heterocyclic groups include piperidyl, pyrrolidyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, indolizinyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinolizinyl, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, pteridinyl, quinuclidinyl, triazolyl, pyrazolyl, tetrazolyl and thienyl. Examples of heteroaromatic groups include pyridyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, indolyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, triazolyl and-pyrazolyl.

As used herein a halogen atom includes a fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atom, typically a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom.

As used herein, the term pharmaceutically acceptable salt embraces salts with a pharmaceutically acceptable acid or base. Pharmaceutically acceptable acids include both inorganic acids, for example hydrochloric, sulphuric, phosphoric, diphosphoric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic and nitric acid and organic acids, for example citric, fumaric, maleic, malic, formic, mandelic, ascorbic, oxalic, succinic, tartaric, benzoic, acetic, methanesulphonic, ethanesulphonic, benzenesulphonic or p-toluenesulphonic acid.

In the quaternary ammonium compounds of the present invention, including those represented by formula (II), an equivalent of an anion (X^-) is associated with the positive charge of the N atom. X^- may be an anion of various mineral acids such as, for example, chloride, bromide, iodide, sulphate, nitrate, phosphate, or an anion of an organic acid such as, for example, acetate, trifluoroacetate, maleate, fumarate, citrate, oxalate, succinate, tartrate, malate, mandelate, formate, methanesulfonate and p-toluenesulfonate. X^- is preferably an anion selected from chloride, bromide, iodide, sulphate, nitrate, acetate, trifluoroacetate, formate, methanesulfonate, maleate, oxalate or succinate. More preferably X^- is chloride, bromide, formate, trifluoroacetate or methanesulfonate.

Preferred compounds of formula (I) according to the invention as defined above are those wherein R1 represents a group selected from 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, benzyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl; the cyclic groups present in R1 being optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, $-NR'R''$, $-CO_2R'$, $-C(O)-NR'R''$, $-N(R''')C(O)-R'$, $-N(R''')-C(O)NR'R''$, wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which they are attached form a cyclic group;

Also preferred are compounds of formula (I) as defined above wherein R2 represents an optionally substituted group selected from lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkyl, phenyl, phenethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, pyridyl, and pyridylmethyl or a saturated or unsaturated cycloalkylmethyl group which has at least one substituent and is selected from substituted cyclopropylmethyl, substituted cyclobutylmethyl and substituted cyclopentylmethyl; the substituents of the cyclic groups present in R2 being

one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, -NR'R'', -CO₂R', -C(O)-NR'R'', -N(R''')C(O)-R', -N(R''')-C(O)NR'R'', wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which they are attached form a cyclic group;

Preferred compounds of formula (II) according to the invention as defined above are those wherein R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl or furan-3-ylmethyl, the cyclic groups present in R1 being optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, hydroxy and cyano.

In particularly preferred embodiments R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl, 4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 3-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl, 4,5-dimethyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, 5-methyl-furan-2-ylmethyl, 5-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-furan-3-ylmethyl, and 2,5-dimethyl-furan-3-ylmethyl,

Also preferred are compounds of formula (II) as defined above wherein R2 represents a pent-4-enyl, pentyl, butyl, allyl, benzyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, phenethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or cyclohexylmethyl group, the cyclic groups present in R2 being optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, hydroxy and cyano.

In particularly preferred embodiments R2 represents a group selected from 3-fluorobenzyl, 2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl, 3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl, 5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl, 3,4-dimethoxyphenylethyl, 3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, 4-bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, 4,5-dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, 2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl, butyl, pent-4-enyl and cyclopentyl.

Further preferred compounds of formula (II) are those wherein A is -CH₂-, m and n are both 0, and B represents a group selected from straight or branched, optionally

substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, cyano, nitro, $-\text{CH}=\text{CR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}'$, $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{SC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}''$, cycloalkyl, phenyl, naphthanelyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthanelyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl; R' and R'' being as defined above; and wherein the cyclic groups represented by B are optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, phenyl, $-\text{OR}'$, $-\text{SR}'$, $-\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NHCOR}'$, $-\text{CONR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$ and $-\text{COOR}'$; R' and R'' being as defined above;

10 In other embodiments of formula (II) A is $-\text{CH}_2-$, B is as defined above and at least one of m or n is not 0.

Also preferred are compounds of formula (II) wherein B represents a thiophen-2-yl group or a phenyl group which is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from halogen atoms, or hydroxy, methyl, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, $-\text{OMe}$, $-\text{NMe}_2$, $-\text{NHCOMe}$, $-\text{CONH}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{COOMe}$, or $-\text{CF}_3$ groups. Most preferred are compounds wherein B represents a phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl or thiophen-2-yl group.

15 In particularly preferred compounds of formula (II) $n=0$ or 1 ; m is an integer from 1 to 6; and A represents a $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, $-\text{CO}-$, $-\text{NMe}-$, $-\text{O}-$ or $-\text{S}-$ group. Most preferred are compounds wherein m is 1, 2 or 3 and A represents a $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, or $-\text{O}-$ group.

20 Preferably, in compounds of formula (II) the sequence $\text{B}-(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{A}-(\text{CH}_2)_m-$ represents a group selected from 3-phenoxypropyl, 2-phenoxyethyl, 3-phenylallyl, phenethyl, 3-phenylpropyl, 3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl, 3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propyl, 3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl, allyl, heptyl, 3-cyanopropyl and methyl.

30 X- represents in the preferred embodiments of formula (II) a chloride, bromide, trifluoroacetate or methanesulphonate anion.

Also preferred are compounds of formula (I) or (II) wherein p is 2 and/or wherein the azabicyclic ring is substituted in the 3-position.

35 The compounds of the present invention represented by formula (I) and salts thereof such as those represented by formula (II), may have one or more asymmetric carbons. All possible stereoisomers are included, such as compounds of formula (I) or (II)

wherein the carbon at the 3-position of the azabicyclic ring has either R or S configuration. All single isomers and mixtures of the isomers fall within the scope of the present invention.

- 5 The following compounds of general formula (I) are intended to illustrate the general scope of the present invention.

(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

m-Tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

- 10 (3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

- 15 (5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-

- 20 azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

- 25 (4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(2,6-Difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

- 30 (2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

- 35 Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

- Benzyl(4-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Benzyl-p-tolylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Butylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 5 Phenethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Pentylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Butylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 10 Bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Furan-2-ylmethyl-2-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Allylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 15 Furan-2-ylmethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Bis-furan-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester
 Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-4-yl ester
 Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-4-yl ester
 (5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic
 20 acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester
 Cyclopentyl-(5-ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester
 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 25 The following salts of general formula (II) are intended to illustrate the general scope of the present invention.

- (3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide
 30 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide
 (3R)-1-(2-Phenoxyethyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide
 (3R)-1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-
 35 azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide
 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

5 (3R)-1-Allyl-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

10 (3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane formate

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

15 (3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

20 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-Phenethyl-3-[thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

25 trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-[3-(4-Fluorophenoxy)propyl]-3-[furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

30 trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

35 (3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-heptyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-(3-cyanopropyl)-3-[(2,6-difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

5 (3R)-3-[Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

1-Allyl-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

10 3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-phenethyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-yl-propyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

15 3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

1-Allyl-3-(R)(butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

20 3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

25 3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

30 3-(R)(Phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

1-(2-Phenoxy-ethyl)-3-(R)-(phenyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-carbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

35 1-Allyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

1-Heptyl-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate

1-Allyl-3-(R)-(phenyl-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-carbamoyloxy)-1-azonia-bicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate

5 3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azonia
bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

1-(2-Phenoxyethyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo
[2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo
10 [2.2.2]octane; bromide

3-(R)(Bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo
[2.2.2]octane; bromide

1-Allyl-3-(R)(allylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate

15 3-(R)(Cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azonia
bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

3-(R)(Furan-2-ylmethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo
[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

1-Allyl-3-(R)(bis-furan-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
20 trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-
azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-
phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

25 (3R)-3-[Cyclopentyl-(5-ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-
azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

Particularly preferred individual compounds of formula (I) include:

30 [2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-
azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-
azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-
35 azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-
azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

5 (4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

10 (2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(2,6-Difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

15 Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

20

Particularly preferred individual compounds of formula (II) include:

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

25 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-(2-Phenoxyethyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

30 (3R)-1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

35 (3R)-3-[(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

5 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-Phenethyl-3-[thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-

10 ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-[3-(4-Fluorophenoxy)propyl]-3-[furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

15 (3R)-3-[(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

20 (3R)-3-[Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-heptyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-(3-cyanopropyl)-3-[(2,6-difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

25 (3R)-3-[Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

30 (3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane formate

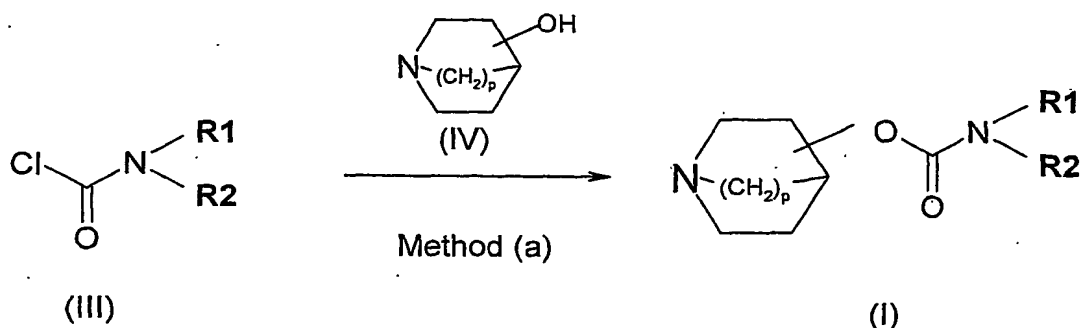
(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

35 (3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

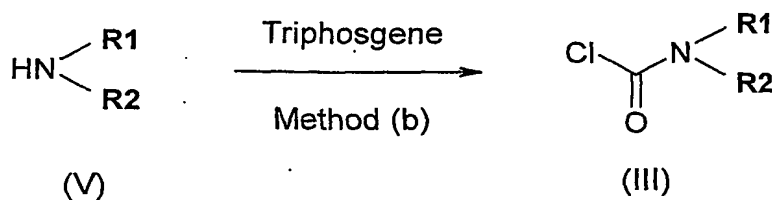
The present invention also provides processes for preparing compounds of formulas (I) and (II).

Compounds of general formula (I) may be prepared by method (a) illustrated in the following scheme and detailed in the experimental section.



In formulas (I), (III) and (IV), R1, R2 and p are as defined above.

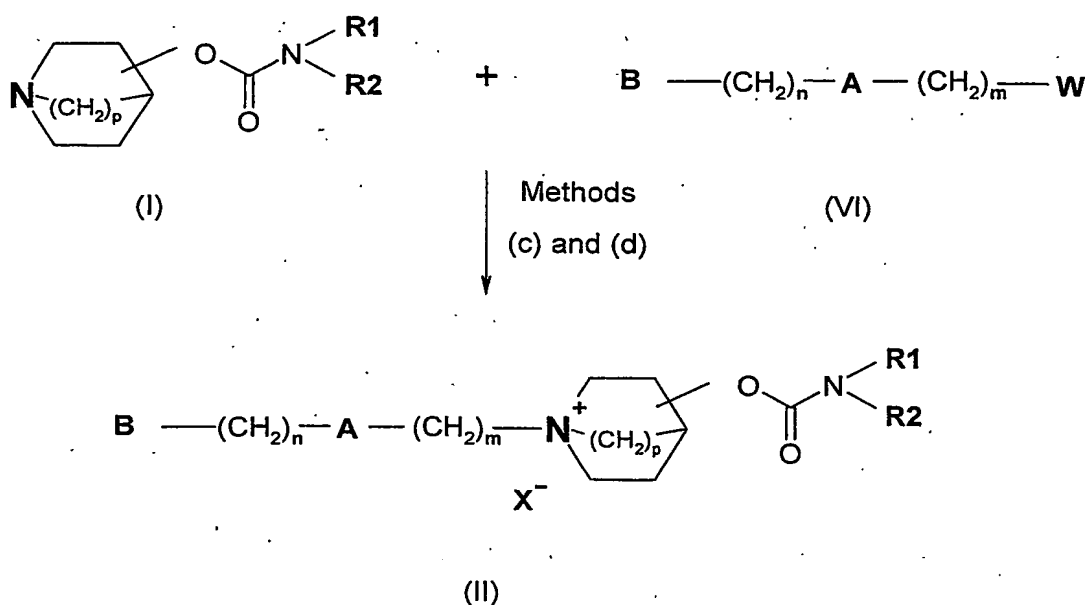
Compounds of general formula (III) may be prepared from the corresponding secondary amines following the standard method (b) described in literature.



Amines of general formula (V) that are not commercially available may be prepared by synthesis according to standard methods, such as alkylation of anilines or reductive alkylation. For example, amines wherein R1 is a substituted thiophen-2-ylmethyl or a substituted furan-2-ylmethyl and R2 is as defined above, may be obtained by reductive alkylation. The corresponding aldehyde is treated with the corresponding primary amine to form the imine, which is reduced with sodium borohydride in MeOH to obtain the secondary amine.

The carbamates of formula (I) may be converted to pharmaceutically acceptable salts by methods known in the art. Typically, a carbamate of formula (I) is treated with an inorganic or organic acid such as fumaric, tartaric, formic, succinic or hydrochloric acid.

The quaternary ammonium derivatives of general formula (II), may be prepared by reaction of an alkylating agent of general formula (VI) with compounds of general formula (I), as described in the following scheme. In formulas (I), (II) and (VI), R1, R2, A, B, X, n, m and p are as defined above.

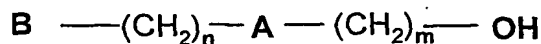


In formula (VI), W represents any suitable leaving group, such as a group X as defined above. Preferably, W represents a group X.

This alkylation reaction may be carried out by two different experimental procedures, (c) and (d) which are described in the experimental section below. In particular method (d) provides a new experimental process, using solid phase extraction methodologies that allow the parallel preparation of several compounds. If W represents a group other than X, the quaternary ammonium salt of formula (II) is produced from the product of method (c) or (d) by carrying out an exchange reaction according to standard methods to replace the anion W^- with the desired anion X^- .

Methods (c) and (d) are described in the experimental section. Compounds of general formula (VI) which are not commercially available have been prepared by synthesis according to standard methods. For example, compounds wherein $n = 0$ and

A= -O-, -S- or -NR₄, wherein R₄ is as defined above, were obtained by reaction of the corresponding alcohol, thiol or amine derivative or its sodium or potassium salt with an alkylating agent of general formula Y-(CH₂)_m-W, wherein W may be a halogen and Y may be a halogen or a sulphonate ester. In other examples, compounds of general formula (VI), where n ≥ 1 were synthesised from the corresponding alcohol derivative of general formula (VII) by known methods.



(VII)

Compounds of formula (IV) could be:

4-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, described in WO93/15080

4-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, described in Grob, C.A. et.al. *Helv.Chim.Acta* (1958), 41, 1184-1190

(3R)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane or (3S)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, described in Ringdahl, R. *Acta Pharm Suec.* (1979), 16, 281-283 and commercially available from CU Chemie Uetikon GmbH.

The structures of the prepared compounds were confirmed by ¹H-NMR and MS. The NMR were recorded using a Varian 300 MHz instrument and chemical shifts are expressed as parts per million (δ) from the internal reference tetramethyl silane.

Their purity was determined by HPLC, using reverse phase chromatography on a Waters instrument. Molecular ions were obtained by electrospray ionization mass spectrometry on a Hewlett Packard instrument. HPLC-MS experiments were performed on a Gilson instrument equipped with a binary pump (Gilson piston pump 321); a vacuum degasser (Gilson 864); an injector-fraction collector (Gilson liquid handler 215); two injection modules, analytical and preparative (Gilson 819); a valve (Gilson Valvemate 7000); a 1/1000 splitter (Acurate by LC Packings); a make-up pump (Gilson 307); a diode array detector (Gilson 170) and a MS detector (a Thermoquest Finnigan aQa, a quadrupole mass spectrometer with ES and APCI ionisation modes). The HPLC-MS instrument was controlled by an IBM PC.

Method (a)

Example 1

Preparation of butylphenylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester.

0.65 g (28.50 mmol) of sodium was added to 70 ml of dry toluene. The suspension was refluxed with vigorous stirring. When all the sodium was melted, 3.60 g (28.30 mmol) of (3R)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane was added and stirring continued for 2 hours, by which time all the sodium had reacted to form the alcoholate. 6.00 g (28.30 mmol) of Phenylbutylcarbamoyl chloride (Intermediate I-1) dissolved in 30 ml of toluene was then slowly added. The mixture was refluxed for one hour, and then the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. The suspension was filtered and the filtrate evaporated. Ether was added to the residue and stirred for 10 min. The suspension was filtered and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo to obtain 7.18 g of brown oil. This product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, chloroform/ethanol/ammonia 140:8:1) to yield 1.78 g (5.89 mmol) (22%) of a pure product, structure confirmed by ¹H-NMR.

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0,9 (m, 3H), 1,3 (m, 4H), 1,5 (m, 4H), 1,9 (s, 1H), 2,7 (m, 5H), 3,2 (m, 1H), 3,7 (m, 2H), 4,7 (m, 1H), 7,2-7,4 (m, 5H); MS [M+1]⁺ : 303.

Example 2**Preparation of cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester.**

0.57 g (24.59 mmol) of sodium was added to 70 ml of dry toluene. The suspension was refluxed with vigorous stirring. When all the sodium was melted, 3.11 g (24.42 mmol) of (3R)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane was added and stirred for 2 hours, by which time all the sodium had reacted to form the alcoholate. 4.96 g (20.35 mmol) of cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl chloride (Intermediate I-2) dissolved in 30 ml of toluene was then slowly added. The mixture was refluxed for five hours, and then the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. The suspension was filtered and the filtrate washed with water. The organic layer was extracted with 20 % HCl and the aqueous layer basified with 8N NaOH and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The oil obtained (4.50 g) was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, chloroform/ethanol/ammonia 225:8:1) to obtain 2.25 g (6.73 mmol) (33%) of a pure product, structure confirmed by ¹H-NMR.

¹H-NMR (300MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1,20-1,40 (m, 1H), 1,45-1,72 (m, 11H), 1,89 (bs, 1H), 2,45-2,62 (m, 5H), 3,03-3,10 (m, 1H), 4,22 (bs, 1H), 4,50-4,63 (m, 3H), 6,93-6,99 (m, 2H), 7,38 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺ : 335.

Example 3

Preparation of Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-4-yl ester

In a two necked flask under nitrogen, 3 ml of THF and 150 mg (1.33 mmoles) of 4-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane were placed. The suspension was cooled to -60°C and 0.7 ml (1.46 mmoles) of LDA was added dropwise. After the addition the temperature was allowed to rise to 0°C and was kept during two hours. A solution of 295 mg (1.20 mmoles) of benzylphenylcarbamoyl chloride in 2 ml of THF was added in 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature and stirred for 18 hours. The suspension was filtered and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was extracted with dichloromethane and water. The organic layer was extracted with 2N HCl and the aqueous layer basified with 8N NaOH and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. The oil obtained (162 mg) was purified by HPLC-MS to obtain 4.86 mg (0.015 mmoles) 1.3% of a pure product as a formate, structure confirmed by $^1\text{H-NMR}$.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300MHz, DMSO-d_6): δ 1.86 (m, 4H), 2.65 (s, 2H), 2.77 (bs, 2H), 3.03 (bs, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 7.14-7.32 (m, 10H), 8.19 (s, 1H); MS $[\text{M-HCOO}]^+$: 323.

Example 4**Preparation of m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester**

0.69 g (30 mmol) of sodium (in small portions) were added to 140 ml of dry toluene and the suspension was refluxed with vigorous stirring. When all the sodium was melted, 3.78 g (29.73 mmol) of (3R)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane were added in five portions, and the suspension obtained was refluxed for 2 hours, by which time all the sodium had reacted to form the alcoholate. A solution of 8.11 g (25.85 mmol) of m-Tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyl chloride (Intermediate I-3) in 60 ml of toluene was then slowly added. The mixture obtained was refluxed for 3 hours, and stirred at room temperature for 64 more hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was filtered and the solution obtained was extracted with HCl 2N (2 x 125 ml). The aqueous layers were combined, basified with solid K_2CO_3 and extracted with CHCl_3 . The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated. The oil obtained (6.30 g) was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, chloroform/ethanol 5:1) to obtain 3.05 g (29.2%) of a pure product as an oil, structure confirmed by $^1\text{H-NMR}$.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 1.22-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.75 (m, 1H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.60-2.90 (m, 5H), 3.17-3.26 (m, 1H), 4.78-4.83 (m, 1H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 6.82-7.0 (m, 3H), 7.03-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.25 (m, 2H).

MS $[M+1]^+$: 405

Example 5

Preparation of [2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

A mixture of 0.7 g (0.018 mol) of sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil) and 1.8 g (0.014 mol) of (3R)-3-hydroxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane in 70 ml of toluene were refluxed for two hours in order to form the alcoholate. A suspension of a white solid was obtained. A solution of 4.5 g (0.014 mol) of [2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride in 30 ml of toluene was then slowly added. The mixture obtained was refluxed for 2 hours, and stirred at room temperature for 64 hours more. After this time, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0-5°C, and 75 ml of water were carefully added under stirring. The organic phase was separated and extracted with HCl 2N (2 x 75 ml). The aqueous phases were combined, basified with NaOH 2N and extracted with toluene (2 x 75 ml). The organic layers were combined and the solution was concentrated to dryness. The oil obtained (1.80 g) was combined with 0.3 g from a previous preparation and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/NH₄OH 90:10:1 as eluent) to obtain 1.1 g (13.7% global yield) of the title product as an oil, structure confirmed by ¹H-NMR.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.35-2.85 (m, 7H), 3.07 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.45 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.65 (m, 3H), 6.84 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.33 (m, 1H).

MS $[M+1]^+$: 403.

[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride was prepared according to method (b) starting from the corresponding amine.

Method (b)

Carbamoyl chlorides of general formula (III) were prepared according to procedures described in the literature: M. Saraswati et al. Drug Development Research (1994), 31, 142-146; G. M. Shutske et al. J. Heterocycl. Chem. (1990), 27, 1617; GB 1246606; US 2762796.

Preparation 1

Intermediate I-1 – Preparation of butylphenylcarbamoyl chloride.

To a solution of 6.72 g (45 mmol) of butylphenylamine in 50 ml of methylene chloride cooled to 10 °C was added slowly with stirring 6.67 g (22.5 mmol) of triphosgene in 40 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction was allowed to continue at room temperature for 27 hours. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted twice with n-hexane. The organic solution was concentrated in vacuo to yield 9.11 g (43.03 mmol) of a yellow oil (96%). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) : δ 0,9 (m, 3H), 1,3 (m, 2H), 1,6 (m, 2H), 3,7 (m, 2H), 7,2-7,4 (m, 5H).

Preparation 2

Intermediate I-2 – Preparation of cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl chloride

To a solution of 5.0 g (27.58 mmol) of cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylamine in 40 ml of methylene chloride at 10 °C was added slowly with stirring 4.09 g (13.79 mmol) of triphosgene in 35 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction was allowed to continue stirring at room temperature for 64 hours, refluxed for 4 hours and 25 hours more at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with n-hexane. The organic solution was concentrated to yield 4.96 g (20.34 mmol) of a brown oil (74%). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) : δ 1,4 (m, 8H), 4,2 (bs, 1H), 4,5 (m, 2H), 6,8-7,3 (m, 3H).

Preparation 3

Intermediate I-3 – Preparation of m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyl chloride

To a solution of 6.5 g (25.87 mmol) of m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)amine (Intermediate I-7) in 45 ml of methylene chloride, cooled at -10 °C, was added slowly with stirring a solution of 3.84 g (12.94 mmol) of triphosgene in 25 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 2 hours at this temperature and then refluxed for 10 hours. After this time the solid formed during the process was dissolved. The solvent was evaporated and the residue treated with n-hexane at -25°C. The soluble part was separated and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to yield 8.2 g of an oil. The structure was confirmed by ¹H-NMR.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) : δ 2.30 (s, 3H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 6.70-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.10-7.40 (m, 3H).

Preparation 4

Intermediate I-4 – Preparation of 3-fluorophenyl-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyl chloride

To a solution of 3.4 g (13.30 mmol) of 3-fluorophenyl-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)amine (Intermediate I-8) in 25 ml of methylene chloride, cooled at -10 °C, was added slowly with stirring a solution of 2.0 g (6.70 mmol) of triphosgene in 15 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 17 hours at this temperature. After this time the solid formed during the process was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was treated with n-hexane at -25°C. The soluble part was separated and filtrated. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to dryness to give 2.65 g (62.8%) of the title product as an oil. The structure was confirmed by ¹H-NMR.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) : δ 4.80 (s, 2H), 6.70-7.0 (m, 4H), 7.0-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.45 (m, 1H).

Preparations 5-12

Some other examples of compounds of formula (III) that have been prepared in the present invention according to method (b) are:

(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl chloride

Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl chloride

[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride

(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamoyl chloride

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyl chloride

(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride

[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl chloride

Preparation 13

Intermediate I-5 – Preparation of [2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)amine

To a solution of 4.82 g (26.6 mmol) of 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethylamine and 3.0 g (27.2 mmol) of 5-methylfuran-2-carbaldehyde in 65 ml of EtOH, 18.3 g of molecular sieves (0.3 nm) were added and the mixture was refluxed for 4 hours. After this time the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The solution obtained was concentrated in vacuo to obtain an oil. This oil was dissolved in 65 ml of MeOH and 1.01 g (26.6 mmol) of NaBH₄ were added in small portions, maintaining the temperature of the reaction at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 16 hours more. After this time the solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was treated with 150 ml of water and extracted twice with ether.

The organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to dryness to give 6.05 g (82.6%) of the title product as an oil.

MS $[\text{M}+1]^+$: 276

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.95 (m, 4H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.85 (two singlets, 6H), 5.85 (m, 1H), 6.02 (m, 1H), 6.70-6.85 (m, 3H).

Preparation 14

Intermediate I-6 -- Preparation of (5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)amine

To a solution of 2 g (13.6 mmol) of 2,4,5-trifluorophenylamine and 2.66 g (13.9 mmol) of 5-bromothiophene-2-carbaldehyde in 30 ml of EtOH, 9.4 g of molecular sieves (0.3 nm) were added and the mixture was refluxed for 20 hours. After this time the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered and the solvent was evaporated in vacuo. The oil obtained was dissolved in 30 ml of MeOH and 0.51 g (13.6 mmol) of NaBH_4 were added in small portions, maintaining the temperature of the reaction at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 20 more hours. After this time the solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was treated with 100 ml of water and extracted twice with ether. The organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to dryness to give 3.2 g of an oil. This 3.2 g were combined with 3.5 g obtained in a subsequent preparation and the total product obtained (6.7 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of hexane/AcOEt 5:1 \rightarrow 1:1 as eluent. Appropriate fractions were combined to give 0.95 g of the title product as an oil. (global yield 8.2%).

MS $[\text{M}+1]^+$: 321, 323

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 4.10 (bs, NH, 1H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 6.40-6.65 (m, 1H), 6.75-7.10 (m, 3H).

Preparation 15

Intermediate I-7 -- Preparation of m-Tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)amine

To a solution of m-tolylamine (3.26 g, 3.27 ml, 30.5 mmol) and 2,4,5-trifluorobenzaldehyde (5.0 g, 31.2 mmol) in 60 ml of EtOH, 21 g of molecular sieves (0.3 nm) were added and the mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. After this time the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The solution obtained was concentrated in vacuo to obtain an oil. This oil was dissolved in 60 ml of MeOH and 1.15 g (30.5 mmol) of NaBH_4 were added in small portions, maintaining the temperature of the reaction at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at this

temperature for 16 hours more. After this time the solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was treated with 100 ml of water and extracted twice with ether. The organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo to dryness to give 6.5 g (84.8%) of the title product as an oil (that solidified at low temperature). The structure was confirmed by ^1H -RMN and MS.

GC/MS: $[\text{M}]^+$: 251

^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): δ 2.25 (s, 3H), 4.0 (bs, 1H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 6.35-6.65 (m, 3H), 6.85-7.40 (m, 3H).

Preparation 16

Intermediate I-8 -- Preparation of (3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)amine

A mixture of 3.7 g (3.2 ml, 33.3 mmol) of 3-fluorophenylamine, 2.5 g (11.1 mmol) of 5-(bromomethyl)-1,2,3-trifluorobenzene and 1.53 g (11.1 mmol) of K_2CO_3 in 30 ml of toluene, was refluxed during 5 h and stirred at room temperature during 16 hours more. After this time the mixture of reaction was filtered and the solid obtained was washed with toluene. The toluene solutions were combined, washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO_4 , and concentrated in vacuo to dryness to give 5.0 g of an oily residue. This oil was treated with diethyl ether and the obtained solid was separated by filtration and discarded. The filtrate was concentrated to dryness and purified by Kugelrohr distillation at reduced pressure. After distillation of the excess of 3-fluorophenylamine (0.15 mm Hg, 100°C oven), 2.40 g (84.8%) of the title product were distilled (0.15 mm Hg, 175-200°C oven). Structure confirmed by MS and ^1H -RMN.

GC/MS: $[\text{M}]^+$: 255

^1H -NMR (CDCl_3): δ 4.30 (s, 2H), 4.0-4.50 (bs, 1H), 6.20-6.55 (m, 3H), 6.80-7.25 (m, 3H).

3-fluorophenyl-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)amine has also been prepared by reductive alkylation starting from 3,4,5-trifluorobenzaldehyde and 3-fluorophenylamine.

Preparations 17-22

Some other examples of compounds of formula (V) that have been prepared in the present invention are:

(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)amine

Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)amine

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)amine

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylamine

(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)amine
[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)amine

Method (c)

Example 6

Preparation of (3R)-3-(bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, bromide.

0.54 g (1.5 mmol) of bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, 7.5 ml of tetrahydrofuran and 0.46 g (2.25 mmol) of 2-(3-bromopropyl)thiophene were mixed. The solution was refluxed for 4 hours and stirred at room temperature for 116 hours. Ether was added and the suspension was stirred for 30 min. The solvent was extracted and more ether was added. This procedure was repeated several times in order to eliminate the alkylating agent. Finally the suspension was filtered and the residue dried in the vacuum oven. The yield was 0.69 g (1.22 mmol) (81%).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6): 1,78-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,34 (bs, 1H), 2,82 (m, 2H), 3,21-3,46 (m, 7H), 3,89 (m, 1H), 4,54 (m, 4H), 5,06 (m, 1H), 6,95-7,01 (m, 4H), 7,07-7,11 (m, 2H), 7,38-7,49 (m, 3H); MS $[\text{M-Br}]^+$: 487; mp: 143 °C.

Example 7

Preparation of (3R)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

0.300 g (0.742 mmol) of m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, 7.0 ml of tetrahydrofuran and 0.253 g (1.258 mmol) of (2-bromoethoxy)benzene were mixed. The solution was refluxed for 55 hours and allowed to continue stirring at room temperature during 16 more hours. After this time the solvent was evaporated in vacuo. Ether was added and the mixture stirred to obtain a solid. This solid was treated with ether several times in order to eliminate the residual alkylating agent. Finally the suspension was filtered and the solid obtained washed with ether and dried. The yield was 0.34 g (75.5%).

m.p.: 137.3-139.1°C

MS $[\text{M-Br}]^+$: 525

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6): δ 1.40-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70-2.05 (m, 3H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 3.25-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.80 (m, 6H), 3.95-4.10 (m, 1H), 4.44 (m, 2H), 4.90 (m, 2H), 5.01 (m, 1H), 6.95-7.30 (m, 7H), 7.30-7.60 (m, 4H).

Example 8**Preparation of (3R)-1-Allyl-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

0.300 g (0.7 mmol) of [2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester were dissolved in 5 ml of CHCl_3 and 3.5 ml of acetonitrile. To this solution 0.30 ml (0.423 g, 3.5 mmol) of allyl bromide were added and the mixture was stirred during 21 hours at room temperature under N_2 atmosphere. Solvents were evaporated. The residue was treated with ether several times to obtain an oil, which was redissolved in CHCl_3 and evaporated to dryness to give 0.365 g (94.8 %) of the title product.

MS $[\text{M}-\text{Br}]^+$: 469

Method (d)**Example 9****Preparation of (3R)-1-heptyl-3-(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

30 mg (0.08 mmols) of phenylthiophen-3-yl methyl carbamic acid (3R)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester were dissolved in 1 ml of DMSO. To this solution 75 mg (0.40 mmol) of heptyl bromide were added. After stirring overnight at room temperature, the mixture was purified by solid phase extraction with a cation exchange Mega Bond Elut cartridge, previously conditioned at $\text{pH} = 7.5$ with 0.1 M NaH_2PO_4 buffer. The reaction mixture was applied to the cartridge and washed first with 2 ml of DMSO and then three times with 5 ml of CH_3CN , rinsing away all starting materials. The ammonium derivative was eluted with 5 ml of 0.03 M TFA solution in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}:\text{CHCl}_3$ (2:1). This solution was neutralized with 300 mg of poly(4-vinylpyridine), filtered and evaporated to dryness.

The yield was 12 mg (34%) of title compound. ^1H -NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 0.88 (m, 3H), 1.28 (m, 8H), 1.60-2.19 (m, 7H), 3.00-3.41 (m, 7H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 5.99 (m, 1H), 7.01 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.39 (m, 6H), 7.49-7.52 (m, 1H); MS $[\text{M}-\text{CF}_3\text{COO}]^+$: 441

Also included within the scope of the present invention are pharmaceutical compositions which comprise, as the active ingredient, at least one quinuclidine derivative of general formula (I) or (II) in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable

carrier or diluent. Preferably the composition is made up in a form suitable for oral administration.

The pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluents which are mixed with the active compound or compounds, to form the composition of this invention are well-known *per se* and the actual excipients used depend *inter alia* on the intended method of administration of the composition.

Compositions of this invention are preferably adapted for oral administration. In this case, the composition for oral administration may take the form of tablets, film-coated tablets, liquid inhalant, powder inhalant and inhalation aerosol; all containing one or more compounds of the invention; such preparations may be made by methods well-known in the art.

The diluents which may be used in the preparations of the compositions include those liquid and solid diluents which are compatible with the active ingredient, together with colouring or flavouring agents, if desired. Tablets or film-coated tablets may conveniently contain between 0.1 mg and 500 mg, preferably from 0.5 to 200 mg of active ingredient. The inhalant compositions may contain between 1 µg and 1,000 µg, preferably from 10 to 800 µg of active ingredient. In human therapy, the dose of the compound of general formula (I) or (II) will depend on the desired effect and duration of treatment; adult doses are generally between 0.5 mg and 300 mg per day as tablets and 10 µg and 800 µg per day as inhalant composition.

The compounds of the present invention, or pharmaceutical compositions containing them, may be used together with a β_2 agonist, steroid, antiallergic drug and/or phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor, for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of a respiratory disease.

Pharmacological Action

The following examples demonstrate the excellent pharmacological activities of the compounds of the present invention. The results on human muscarinic receptor binding and in the test on bronchospasm in guinea pig, were obtained as described below.

Human muscarinic receptor studies.

The binding of [³H]-NMS to human muscarinic receptors was performed according to Waelbroeck et al (1990), Mol. Pharmacol., 38: 267-273. Assays were carried out at 25°C. Membrane preparations from stably transfected Chinese hamster ovary-K1 cells (CHO) expressing the genes for the human muscarinic M3 receptors were used.

For determination of IC₅₀, membrane preparations were suspended in DPBS to a final concentration of 89 µg/ml for the M3 subtype. The membrane suspension was incubated with the tritiated compound for 60 min. After incubation the membrane fraction was separated by filtration and the bound radioactivity determined. Non specific binding was determined by addition of 10⁻⁴ M atropine. At least six concentrations were assayed in duplicate to generate individual displacement curves. Our results show that the compounds of the present invention have high affinities for muscarinic M3 receptors. Preferred compounds of the invention have an IC₅₀ (nM) value for M3 receptors of less than 35 nM, most preferably less than 10 nM.

The preferred compounds of the invention also show high selectivity for M3 receptors with respect to M2 receptors. Thus, the ratio IC₅₀ M2 / IC₅₀ M3 is higher than 5, preferably higher than 10, most preferable higher than 15.

Test on bronchospasm in guinea pig

The studies were performed according to H. Konzett and F. Rössler (1940), Arch. Exp. Path. Pharmacol. 195, 71-74. Aqueous solutions of the agents to be tested were nebulized and inhaled by anaesthetized ventilated male guinea pigs (Dunkin-Hartley). Bronchial response to intravenous acetylcholine challenge was determined before and after drug administration and changes in pulmonary resistance at several time-points were expressed as percent of inhibition of bronchospasm.

The compounds of the present invention showed bronchodilator activity with high potency and a long duration of action.

From the above described results one of ordinary skill in the art can readily understand that the compounds of the present invention have excellent antimuscarinic activity (M3) and thus are useful for the treatment of diseases in which the muscarinic M3 receptor is implicated, including respiratory diseases such as chronic obstructive

pulmonary disease, bronchitis, asthma, bronchial hyper reactivity and rhinitis; urinary diseases such as urinary incontinence, pollakiuria, neurogenic bladder, nocturnal enuresis, unstable bladder, cystospasm and chronic cystitis; gastrointestinal diseases such as irritable bowel syndrome, spastic colitis, diverticulitis and peptic ulceration; and cardiovascular disorders such as vagally induced sinus bradycardia. For example, the compounds of the present invention are useful for the treatment of respiratory diseases such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, chronic bronchitis, asthma, and rhinitis; urinary diseases such as urinary incontinence and pollakinuria in neuripenia pollakinuria, neurogenic bladder, nocturnal enuresis, unstable bladder, cystospasm and chronic cystitis; and gastrointestinal diseases such as irritable bowel syndrome, spastic colitis and diverticulitis.

The present invention further provides a compound of formula (I) or (II) or a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of formula (I) or (II) for use in a method of treatment of the human or animal body by therapy, in particular for the treatment of respiratory, urinary or gastrointestinal disease.

The present invention further provides the use of a compound of formula (I) or (II) or a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of formula (I) or (II) for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of respiratory, urinary or gastrointestinal disease.

Further, the compounds of formula (I) or (II) and pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of formula (I) or (II) can be used in a method of treating respiratory, urinary or gastrointestinal disease, which method comprises administering to a human or animal patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or (II) or a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I) or (II).

Further, the compounds of formula (I) or (II) and pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of formula (I) or (II) can be used in combination with other drugs effective in the treatment of these diseases. For example with β_2 agonists, steroids, antiallergic drugs, phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors and/or leukotriene D4 (LTD4) inhibitors, for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of a respiratory disease.

The present invention therefore provides a combination product comprising

- (i) a compound according to the invention; and
 - (ii) another compound effective in the treatment of a respiratory, urological or gastrointestinal disease or disorder
- for simultaneous, separate or sequential use.

5 The compound (ii) which is effective in the treatment of a respiratory, urological or gastrointestinal disease or disorder may be a β_2 agonist, steroid, antiallergic drug, phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor and/or leukotriene D4 (LTD4) antagonist. Preferably, the product is for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of a respiratory disease.

10 The present invention will be further illustrated by the following examples. The examples are given by way of illustration only and are not to be construed as limiting.

Example 10

15 **(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester**

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield was 3.0 g, 39.1%.

MS $[M+1]^+$: 373

20 $^1\text{H-NMR}(\text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 1.20-1.35 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.75 (m, 1H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.85 (m, 5H), 3.18-3.27 (m, 1H), 4.79-4.90 (m, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 6.85-7.10 (m, 5H), 7.22-7.35 (m, 3H).

Example 11

25 **(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.32 g, 69.2%.

m.p.: 142.8-143.6°C

30 MS $[M-\text{Br}]^+$: 493

$^1\text{H-NMR}(\text{DMSO}-d_6)$: δ 1.50-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.85-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.23 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.75 (m, 6H), 3.95-4.10 (m, 1H), 4.44 (m, 2H), 4.90-5.10 (m, 3H), 6.90-7.25 (m, 8H), 7.25-7.45 (m, 5H).

Example 12

35 **(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.24 g, 52.1%.

m.p.: 64.5-66.0°C

MS [M-Br]⁺: 491

- 5 ¹H-NMR(DMSO-d₆): δ 1.50-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.80-2.10 (m, 4H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.60 (t, 2H), 3.05-3.55 (m, 7H), 3.80-3.90 (m, 1H), 4.90-5.10 (m, 3H), 7.05-7.45 (m, 13H).

Example 13

- 10 **(3R)-1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.32 g, 72.5%.

m.p.: 113.1-114.8°C

- 15 MS [M-Br]⁺: 523

¹H-NMR(DMSO-d₆): δ 1.40-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.80-2.10 (m, 4H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.60 (t, 2H), 3.05-3.55 (m, 7H), 3.80-3.90 (m, 1H), 4.90 (m, 2H), 4.98 (m, 1H), 7.0-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.40 (m, 7H), 7.40-7.60 (m, 2H).

- 20 **Example 14**

(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield was 0.33 g, 8.8%.

- 25 MS [M+1]⁺: 409

¹H-NMR(CDCl₃): δ 1.20-1.80 (m, 4H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.60-3.05 (m, 5H), 3.25-3.40 (m, 1H), 4.70-4.82 (m, 2H), 4.85-4.90 (m, 1H), 6.80-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.40 (m, 2H).

Example 15

- 30 **(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.16 g, 75%.

m.p.: 173.9-175.5°C

- 35 MS [M-Br]⁺: 529

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6): δ 1.50-2.05 (m, 4H), 2.24 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.85 (m, 7H), 4.03 (m, 1H), 4.45 (m, 2H), 4.95 (m, 2H), 5.04 (m, 1H), 6.95-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.45 (m, 7H).

Example 16

5 **Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester**

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield was 3.15 g, 42.3%.

MS $[M+1]^+$: 361

10 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl $_3$): δ 0.80-1.05 (m, 2H), 1.05-1.80 (m, 13H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 2.55-3.05 (m, 5H), 3.15-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.60 (m, 2H), 4.70-4.85 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.35 (m, 4H).

Example 17

15 **(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.38 g, 81.4%.

m.p.: 73.1-74.5°C

MS $[M-\text{Br}]^+$: 481

20 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6): δ 0.80-1.0 (m, 2H), 1.0-1.20 (m, 3H), 1.20-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.80 (m, 6H), 1.80-2.20 (m, 4H), 3.05-3.20 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.85 (m, 8H), 3.90-4.10 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.90-5.10 (m, 1H), 6.95-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.55 (m, 6H).

Example 18

25 **(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.34 g, 73 %.

m.p.: 73.3-74.1°C

30 MS $[M-\text{Br}]^+$: 479

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6): δ 0.80-1.45 (m, 6H), 1.50-2.20 (m, 12H), 2.57 (m, 2H), 2.90-3.0 (m, 1H), 3.10-3.65 (m, 8H), 3.75-3.95 (m, 1H), 4.90-5.05 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.55 (m, 9H).

Example 19

35 **[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester**

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield was 3.5 g, 61.2%.

MS [M+1]⁺: 429.

¹H-NMR(CDCl₃): δ 1.34-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.94 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 2.27 (two singlets, 3H), 2.64-2.84 (m, 5H), 2.84-2.98 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.35-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 4.28 (m, 1H), 4.36 (m, 1H), 4.76 (m, 1H), 5.89 (m, 1H), 6.03-6.13 (m, 1H), 6.60-6.82 (m, 3H).

Example 20

(3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane formate

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The alkylating agent used in method c was ethyl 5-bromopentanoate.

A portion of 270 mg of the obtained product was purified by preparative HPLC/MS to give 53 mg of the pure product as a formate.

MS [M-HCOO]⁺: 557

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1.16-1.23 (m, 3H), 1.45-1.75 (m, 4H), 1.75-2.10 (m, 4H), 2.14-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.68 (m, 2H), 3.0-3.90 (m, 10H), 3.71 and 3.73 (two singlets, 6H), 4.03-4.10 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.48 (m, 2H), 4.80-5.0 (m, 1H), 6.03 (m, 1H), 6.27 (m, 1H), 6.64-6.88 (m, 3H), 8.34 (s, 1H).

Conditions used in the purification HPLC-MS:

Column : Symmetry C18, 100 Å, 5 µm 19 x 100 mm, Waters.

Mobile phase: A (H₂O 0.1% HCOONH₄, pH=3) and B (AcN 0.1% HCOONH₄, pH=3),

B: 19%→34%.

Example 21

(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a.

A portion of 158 mg of the obtained product was purified by preparative HPLC/MS to give 16 mg of pure product as a formate.

MS [M+1]⁺: 475, 477

Conditions used in the purification HPLC-MS:

Column: Symmetry C18, 100 Å, 5 µm 19 x 100 mm, Waters.

Mobile phase: A (H₂O 0.1% HCOONH₄, pH=3) and B (AcN 0.1% HCOONH₄, pH=3),

B: 10%→35%.

Example 22

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

5 The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 0.8 g, 10.8%.

MS [M+1]⁺: 389

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.10-1.25 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.87 (s, 3H), 2.0-2.05 (two singlets, 3H), 2.40-3.0 (m, 5H), 3.10-3.40 (m, 1H), 4.65-5.0 (m, 3H), 6.72 (m, 1H), 6.80-6.95 (m, 3H), 7.12 (m, 1H).

Example 23

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

15 The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.5 g, 84.7%.

MS [M-Br]⁺: 509

¹H-NMR(DMSO-d₆): δ 1.15-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.60-2.20 (m, 10H), 2.90-3.10 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.85 (m, 6H), 3.90-4.20 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.55 (m, 2H), 4.75-5.15 (m, 3H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.90-7.20 (m, 6H), 7.35 (m, 3H).

Example 24

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

25 The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1.9 g, 25.7%.

MS [M+1]⁺: 391

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.20-1.90 (m, 4H), 2.01 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.90 (m, 5H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 4.70-4.90 (m, 3H), 6.70-6.95 (m, 3H), 6.95-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 1H).

Example 25

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

35 The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 1.9 g, 97.1%.

MS [M-Br]⁺: 507

¹H-NMR(DMSO-d₆): δ 1.40-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.65-2.05 (m, 3H), 2.10-2.30 (m, 1H), 3.10-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.80-3.95 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.10 (m, 2H), 4.80 (m, 2H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.90-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.50 (m, 7H), 7.58 (m, 1H).

5

Example 26

(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. 200 mg of the obtained product were purified by column chromatography (silica gel, CHCl₃/EtOH 5:1 as eluent) to obtain 34 mg of a pure sample.

MS [M+1]⁺: 373

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.20-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.55-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.85-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.70-3.05 (m, 5H), 3.25-3.32 (m, 1H), 4.20-4.50 (m, 4H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 5.85-6.15 (m, 3H).

15

Example 27

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoxyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to methods a and c. The yield of the final step was 0.4g, 51.3 %.

MS [M-Br]⁺: 443

¹H-NMR(DMSO-d₆): δ 1.80-2.10 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.25-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 2H), 3.15-3.70 (m, 7H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.65 (m, 2H), 4.85-5.05 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.66 (m, 2H), 5.90-6.10 (m, 1H), 6.87 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.36 (m, 1H).

25

Example 28

Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1000 mg, 18%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.3-1.7 (m, 4H), 1.9 (s, 1H), 2.5-2.8 (m, 5H), 3.2 (m, 1H), 4.8 (m, 1H), 4.9 (s, 2H), 7.1-7.4 (m, 10H); MS [M+1]⁺: 337.

30

Example 29

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 20 mg, 34%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,54-1,90 (m, 4H), 2,17 (s, 1H), 2,95 (s, 3H), 3,22-3,52 (m, 5H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 7,12-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 351.

Example 30

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-methylpent-3-enyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 18 mg, 25%. MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 419.

Example 31

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 21 mg, 26%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,56-1,91 (m, 4H), 2,11-2,20 (m, 3H), 3,12 (m, 1H), 3,34-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,86 (m, 1H), 4,06 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,97 (m, 3H), 7,20-7,38 (m, 12H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 471.

Example 32

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 220 mg, 70%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,55-1,92 (m, 4H), 2,21 (s, 1H), 3,15 (m, 1H), 3,34-3,50 (m, 5H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,1 (m, 2H), 4,02 (s, 2H), 5,05 (m, 1H), 6,49 (m, 1H), 6,85-6,90 (d, 1H), 7,20-7,59 (m, 12H), 7,59-7,61 (m, 2H); MS [M-Br]⁺: 453; mp: 129 °C.

Example 33

1-Allyl-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 230 mg, 85%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,58-1,91 (m, 4H), 2,20 (s, 1H), 3,10 (m, 1H), 3,27-3,41 (m, 4H), 3,79-3,90 (m, 3H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 5,61 (m, 2H), 5,98 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,38 (m, 10H); MS [M-Br]⁺: 377; mp: 70 °C.

Example 34

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

- 5 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg, 19%. MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 381.

Example 35

10 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-isopropyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg, 26%. 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1,24 (m, 6H), 1,64-1,89 (m, 4H), 2,20 (s, 1H), 2,78 (m, 1H), 3,23-3,32 (m, 4H), 3,50 (m, 1H), 3,76 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,06 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,38 (m, 10H); MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 379.

Example 36

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-propyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

- 20 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg, 25%. 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,88 (m, 3H), 1,57-1,68 (m, 4H), 1,89 (m, 2H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 2,99-3,14 (m, 3H), 3,26-3,40 (m, 4H), 3,83 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,01 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,37 (m, 10H); MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 379.

Example 37

25 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-cyanopropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

- 30 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 19%. 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1,67-2,07 (m, 6H), 2,19 (s, 1H), 2,60 (m, 2H), 3,07 (m, 1H), 3,21-3,48 (m, 6H), 3,85 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,01 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,37 (m, 10); MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 404.

Example 38

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-cyclopropylmethyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

- 35 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 9 mg, 14%. MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 391.

Example 39

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-ethoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 22 mg, 32%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,12 (m, 3H), 1,58-1,90 (m, 4H), 2,19 (s, 1H), 3,12-3,15 (m, 1H), 3,28-3,53 (m, 8H), 3,75 (m, 2H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,91 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 409.

Example 40

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 18%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,19 (m, 3H), 1,50-1,67 (m, 4H), 1,85-1,88 (m, 2H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 2,38 (m, 2H), 3,99 (m, 1H), 3,16-3,42 (m, 8H), 3,82 (m, 1H), 4,06 (m, 2H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 465.

Example 41

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-phenylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 18%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,57-1,65 (m, 6H), 1,88 (m, 2H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 2,63 (m, 2H), 3,00 (m, 1H), 3,18-3,42 (m, 6H), 3,79-3,86 (m, 1H), 4,94 (s, 2H), 5,00 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,37 (m, 15H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 469.

Example 42

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 21 mg, 25%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,55-1,91 (m, 4H), 2,10-2,20 (m, 3H), 3,10 (m, 1H), 3,28-3,50 (m, 6H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 4,02 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,95-7,12 (m, 2H), 7,12-7,38 (m, 12H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 489.

Example 43

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg, 18%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,54-1,88 (m, 6H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 3,09 (m,

1H), 3,23-3,49 (m, 8H), 3,85 (m, 1H), 4,84 (m, OH), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 395.

Example 44

1-(4-Acetoxybutyl)-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 9 mg, 12%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,40-1,70 (m, 5H), 1,81-1,91 (m, 3H), 2,02 (m, 3H), 2,19 (s, 1H), 3,03 (m, 1H), 3,19 (m, 2H), 3,26-3,46 (m, 4H), 3,80-3,84 (m, 1H), 4,04 (m, 2H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,01-5,02 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 451.

Example 45

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-oxo-4-thiophen-2-ylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg, 19%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,55-1,69 (m, 2H), 1,87-2,05 (m, 4H), 2,19 (s, 1H), 3,09 (m, 3H), 3,22 (m, 2H), 3,29-3,46 (m, 4H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 11H), 7,98-8,06 (m, 2H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 489.

Example 46

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg, 21%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,57-1,68 (m, 2H), 1,90 (m, 2H), 2,08-2,19 (m, 3H), 3,11 (m, 1H), 3,28-3,50 (m, 6H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 3,97 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,33-6,40 (m, 3H), 7,04 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,38 (m, 10H), 9,5 (s, OH); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 487.

Example 47

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-heptyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg, 23%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,88 (m, 3H), 1,28 (m, 8H), 1,62 (m, 4H), 1,85-1,88 (m, 2H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 3,02 (m, 1H), 3,15 (m, 2H), 3,26-3,40 (m, 4H), 3,83 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,01 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,37 (m, 10H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 435.

Example 48

1-(2-Benzyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 20 mg, 25%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,54-1,94 (m, 4H), 2,20 (s, 1H), 3,17 (m, 1H), 3,28-3,55 (m, 6H), 3,85 (m, 2H), 9,92-3,99 (m, 1H), 4,53 (s, 2H), 4,91 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,40 (m, 15H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 471.

Example 49

Benzyl-(4-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1110 mg, 13%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,16-1,52 (m, 4H), 1,81 (s, 1H), 2,42-2,57 (m, 5H), 2,99-3,07 (m, 1H), 4,63 (m, 1H), 4,84 (s, 2H), 7,10-7,32 (m, 9H); MS [M+1] : 355.

Example 50

1-Allyl-3-(R)[benzyl-(4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 23%. MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 395.

Example 51

3-(R)[Benzyl-(4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 25%. MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 473.

Example 52

Benzyl-p-tolylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1070 mg, 11%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,18-1,30 (m, 2H), 1,45-1,55 (m, 2H), 1,83 (s, 1H), 2,25 (s, 3H), 2,43-2,59 (m, 5H), 3,01-3,10 (m, 1H), 4,64 (m, 1H), 4,85 (s, 2H), 7,12-7,34 (m, 9H); MS [M+1]⁺: 351.

Example 53

**1-Allyl-3-(R)(benzyl-p-tolyl-carbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 9 mg , 19%. MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 391.

Example 54

3-(R)(Benzyl-p-tolylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 25%. MS $[M-CF_3COO]^+$: 469.

Example 55

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 390 mg , 84%. 1H - NMR (DMSO- d_6) : δ 1,55-1,75 (m, 2 H), 1,88 (m, 2H), 2,17 (s, 1H), 3,14 (m, 1H), 3,22 (s, 3H), 3,29-3,55 (m, 10H), 3,78 (m, 2H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,89 (s, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 7,17-7,35 (m, 10H); MS $[M-Br]^+$: 439.

Example 56

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-phenethyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 200 mg , 65%. 1H - NMR (DMSO- d_6) : δ 1,55-1,75 (m, 2H), 1,90 (m, 2H), 2,19 (s, 1H), 3,00 (m, 2H), 3,10 (m, 1H), 3,31-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,91 (s, 2H), 5,04 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,37 (m, 15H). MS $[M-Br]^+$: 441; mp 81 °C.

Example 57

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 970 mg , 82%. 1H - NMR (DMSO- d_6) : δ 1,55-1,69 (m, 2H), 1,85-2,04 (m, 4H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 2,83 (m, 2H), 3,01 (m, 1H), 3,20-3,44 (m, 6H), 3,85 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,00 (m, 1H), 6,94-7,00 (m, 2 H), 7,19-7,40 (m, 11H). MS $[M-Br]^+$: 461; mp 95 °C.

Example 58

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

5 The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 880 mg , 79%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,55-1,69 (m, 2H), 1,85-2,00 (m, 4H), 2,18 (s, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,04 (m, 1H), 3,23-3,44 (m, 6H), 3,85 (m , 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,36 (m, 15H).); MS [M-Br]⁺: 455; mp 101 °C.

Example 59

10 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 360 mg , 67%. ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,5-1,73 (m, 2H), 1,89 (m, 2H), 2,20 (s, 15 1H), 3,23 (m, 1H), 3,46-3,72 (m, 6H), 4,02 (m, 1H), 4,43 (m, 2H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 7,01 (m, 3H), 7,17-7,38 (m, 12H); MS [M-Br]⁺: 457; mp 117 °C.

Example 60

20 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-cyanophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg , 36%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 496.

Example 61

25 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg , 21%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 521.

Example 62

30 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(methylphenylamino)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

35 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 28%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 484.

Example 63**3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylsulfanylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 8 mg, 18%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,45-2,00 (m, 6H), 2,17 (bs, 1H), 3,00 (m, 2H), 3,28-3,41 (m, 7H), 3,83 (m, 1H), 4,91 (s, 2H), 4,98 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,41 (m, 15H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 487.

Example 64**3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 23%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-2,06 (m, 6H), 2,20 (bs, 1H), 3,13-3,47 (m, 9H), 3,89 (m, 1H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H), 7,54-7,70 (m, 3H), 7,98-8,00 (m, 2H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 483.

Example 65**3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 30%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-2,20 (m, 7H), 2,19 (s, 9H), 3,16-3,52 (m, 7H), 3,73 (m, 2H), 3,92 (m, 1H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 6,83 (s, 2H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 513.

Example 66**3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(2-chlorophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 31%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 506.

Example 67**3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 29%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-2,00 (m, 4H), 2,08-2,20 (m, 3H), 3,12-

3,50 (m, 7H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,14 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 13H), 7,54-7,59 (m, 1H). MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 539.

Example 68

5 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(biphenyl-4-yloxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg, 24%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1,50-2,20 (m, 7H), 3,14 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,52 (m, 6H), 3,91 (m, 1H), 4,10 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 7,03-7,08 (m, 2H), 7,18-7,47 (m, 13H), 7,61-7,65 (m, 4H); MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 547.

Example 69

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(2,4-difluorophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

15 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 22%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1,50-2,19 (m, 7H), 3,10 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,90 (m, 1H), 4,10 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 7,02-7,09 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,37 (m, 12H); MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 507.

Example 70

20 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-methoxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 22%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): 1,50-2,19 (m, 7H), 3,11 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,70 (s, 3H), 3,89 (m, 1H), 3,94-3,99 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,85-6,92 (m, 4H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H); MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 501.

Example 71

30 **3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-2-yloxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 21%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1,50-1,71 (m, 6H), 1,87-2,19 (m, 5H), 2,63-2,68 (m, 4H), 3,10 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,50 (m, 6H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 3,98 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,63-6,70 (m, 2H), 6,95-6,98 (d, 1H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H); MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 525.

Example 72

1-[3-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yloxy)propyl]-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 26%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 515.

Example 73

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(2-carbamoylphenoxy)propyl]-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg , 22%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-2,27 (m, 7H), 3,09 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,48 (m, 6H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 4,14 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,04 (m, 1H), 7,02-7,15 (m, 2H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H), 7,44-7,50 (m, 1H), 7,55(bs, NH₂), 7,69-7,72 (dd, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 514.

Example 74

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-dimethylaminophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 26%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 514.

Example 75

1-[3-(4-Acetylaminophenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 25%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-1,92 (m, 4H), 2,01 (s, 3H), 2,04-2,20 (m, 3H), 3,12 (bs, 1H), 3,28-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,89 (m, 1H), 4,00 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,86-6,91 (m, 2H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H), 7,48-7,53 (m, 2H), 9,85 (s, NH); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 528.

Example 76

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-methoxycarbonylphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 25%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,50-2,20 (m, 7H), 3,12 (bs, 1H), 3,29-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,82 (s, 3H), 3,87-3,93 (m, 1H), 4,14 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,03(m, 1H), 7,04-7,09 (m, 2H), 7,19-7,38 (m, 10H), 7,92-7,96 (m, 2H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 529.

Example 77

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-nitrophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg, 26%; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,50-2,27 (m, 7H), 3,12 (bs, 1H), 3,29-3,51 (m, 6H), 3,87-3,94 (m, 1H), 4,21 (m, 2H), 4,93 (s, 2H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 7,14-7,38 (m, 12H), 8,22-8,28 (m, 2H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 516.

Example 78

3-(R)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-hydroxymethylphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 22%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 501.

Example 79

Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(S)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1000 mg, 23%; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,14-1,57 (m, 4H), 1,83 (bs, 1H), 2,43-2,61 (m, 5H), 2,61-3,01 (m, 1H), 4,64 (m, 1H), 4,89 (s, 2H), 7,16-7,35 (m, 10H). MS [M+1]⁺: 337.

Example 80

3-(S)(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 660 mg, 83%. ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,00 (m, 6H), 2,18 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 2,95-3,44 (m, 7H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 4,92 (s, 2H), 5,00 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,36 (m, 15H). MS [M- Br]⁺: 455; mp: 64 °C.

Example 81

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg, 30%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 317.

Example 82

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-methylpent-3-enyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 18 mg , 27%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 385.

Example 83

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 21 mg , 28%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 437.

Example 84

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 182 mg , 48%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,84 (m, 3H), 1,25 (m, 2H), 1,40 (m, 2H), 1,70-1,91 (m, 4H), 2,20 (s, 1H), 3,2-3,4 (m, 6 H), 3,64 (m, 2H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 3,88-4,07 (d, 2H), 4,97 (m, 1H), 6,45 (m, 1H), 6,83-6,88 (d, 1H), 7,23-7,45 (m, 7H), 7,60 (m, 2H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 419; mp : 144 °C

Example 85

1-Allyl-3-(R)(butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 200 mg , 72%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,85 (m, 3H), 1,21-1,34 (m, 3H), 1,40-1,45 (m, 2H), 1,70-2,18 (m, 4H), 3,15-3,40 (m, 5H), 3,61-3,67 (m, 2H), 3,82 (m, 1H), 3,92-3,94 (m, 2H), 4,95 (m, 1H), 5,62 (m, 2H), 5,97-6,01 (m, 1H), 7,26-7,44 (m, 5H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 343; mp : 141 °C.

Example 86

3(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 19%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 347.

Example 87

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-isopropyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
5 was 20 mg , 29%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 345.

Example 88

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-propyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate**

10 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
was 16 mg , 23%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 345.

Example 89

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-cyanopropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
15 trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
was 15 mg , 20%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 370.

Example 90

20 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-cyclopropylmethyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
was 2 mg , 3%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 357.

Example 91

25 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-ethoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
was 19 mg , 25%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 375.

Example 92

30 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step
35 was 12 mg , 14%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 431.

Example 93

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 17%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 361.

Example 94

5 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-pyrrol-1-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 19 mg , 23%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 410.

10 **Example 95**

1-(4-Acetoxybutyl)-3-(R)(butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg , 12%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 417.

15

Example 96

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-oxo-4-thiophen-2-ylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

20 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg , 19%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 455.

Example 97

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(4-phenylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

25 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg , 20%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 435.

Example 98

30 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 21 mg , 23%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 453.

Example 99

35 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-heptyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 17 mg , 21%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 401.

Example 100

1-(2-Benzoyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 22 mg, 25%; MS $[M - CF_3COO]^+$: 437.

Example 101

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-phenethyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 330 mg, 82%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,83 (m, 3H), 1,27-1,34 (m, 2H), 1,41-1,48 (m, 3H), 1,60-2,23 (m, 4H), 2,96-3,47 (m, 7H), 3,57-3,71 (m, 4H), 3,92 (m, 1H), 4,98 (m, 1H), 7,25-7,45 (m, 10H); MS $[M - Br]^+$: 407; mp: 139 °C

Example 102

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 520 mg, 81%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,24-1,31 (m, 2H), 1,39-1,47 (m, 2H), 1,70-2,20 (m, 5H), 3,26 (s, 3H), 3,35-3,70 (m, 13H), 3,82-3,86 (m, 3H), 4,94 (m, 1H), 7,26-7,44 (m, 5H); MS $[M - Br]^+$: 405.

Example 103

Butyl-(4-fluorophenyl)carbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1650 mg, 24%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,20-1,54 (m, 8H), 1,83 (m, 1H), 2,49-2,70 (m, 5H), 3,02-3,09 (m, 1H), 3,36-3,63 (m, 2H), 4,59 (m, 1H), 7,19-7,35 (m, 4H); MS $[M+1]^+$: 321.

Example 104

3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-[3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; chloride

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 390 mg, 75%; 1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,26-1,31 (m, 2H), 1,40-1,48 (m, 2H), 1,70-2,17 (m, 5H), 3,20-3,7 (m, 11H), 3,86 (m, 1H), 4,02 (m, 2H), 4,94 (m, 1H), 6,95-7,00 (m, 2H), 7,12-7,18 (m, 2H), 7,26-7,44 (m, 5H); MS $[M - Cl]^+$: 455; mp: 126 °C.

Example 105

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step
5 was 260 mg , 53%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,84 (m, 3H), 1,23-1,30 (m, 2H), 1,39-1,48
(m, 2H), 1,70-2,20 (m, 5H), 3,20-3,72 (m, 9H), 3,99 (m, 1H), 4,44 (m, 2H), 4,95 (m,
1H), 7,01 (m, 3H), 7,24-7,40 (m, 7H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 423; mp : 153 °C.

Example 106

10 **3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo
[2.2.2]octane; bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step
was 1100 mg , 62%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,84 (m, 3H), 1,24-1,31 (m, 2H), 1,42 (m,
2H), 1,60-2,21 (m, 7H), 2,85 (m, 2H), 3,0-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,60-3,69 (m, 2H), 3,85 (m,
15 1H), 4,93 (m, 1H), 6,95-7,00 (m, 2H), 7,28-7,43 (m, 6H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 427; mp: 127 °C.

Example 107

**3-(R)(Butylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; bromide**

20 The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step
was 280 mg , 56%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 0,84 (m, 3H), 1,23-1,33 (m, 2H), 1,43 (m,
2H), 1,60-2,20 (m, 7H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,78 (m, 9H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 4,92 (m, 1H),
7,20-7,42 (m, 10H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 421; mp : 120 °C.

Example 108

25 **Phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester**

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step
was 310 mg , 10%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,10-1,60 (m, 4 H), 1,87 (s, 1H), 2,46-2,63
(m, 5H), 3,04-3,33 (m, 1H), 4,66 (m, 1H), 5,01 (s, 2H), 6,87-6,94 (m, 2H), 7,20-7,43 (m,
30 6H); MS [M+1]⁺ : 343.

Example 109

**1-Methyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]
octane; bromide**

35 The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step
was 160 mg , 80%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : 1,65-2,00 (m, 4H), 2,20 (s, 1 H), 2,98 (s,

3H), 3,32-3,52 (m, 5H), 3,85-3,92 (m, 1H), 4,98-5,04 (m, 3H), 6,94 (m, 2H), 7,24-7,45 (m, 6H).; MS [M- Br]⁺: 357.

Example 110

5 **1-(3-Phenoxypropyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg , 42%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 477.

Example 111

10 **1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 35%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,72-2,3 (m, 7H), 2,58 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,48 (m, 7H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 5,04 (m, 3H), 6,92-6,94 (m, 2H), 7,20-7,43 (m, 11H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 461.

Example 112

20 **1-(3-Phenylallyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo [2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 4 mg , 11%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 459.

Example 113

25 **1-(2-Benzyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azonia bicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg , 37%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 477.

Example 114

30 **1-[3-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg , 28%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 493.

Example 115

1-Heptyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 37%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 441.

Example 116

3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 140 mg, 48%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,30 (m, 7H), 2,83 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,60 (m, 7H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 5,04 (m, 3H), 6,93-6,99 (m, 4H), 7,28-7,43 (m, 7H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 467.

Example 117

1-(2-Phenoxyethyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 510 mg, 80%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,30 (m, 5H), 3,20-3,73 (m, 7H), 4,05 (m, 1H), 4,44 (bs, 2H), 5,04 (m, 3H), 6,91-7,04 (m, 5H), 7,24-7,41 (m, 8H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 463; mp: 133 °C.

Example 118

1-Allyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 360 mg, 66%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,30 (m, 5H), 3,00-3,41 (m, 5H), 3,81-3,92 (m, 3H), 5,04 (m, 3H), 5,61 (m, 2H), 5,93-6,05 (m, 1H), 6,93-6,96 (m, 2H), 7,24-7,46 (m, 6H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 383; mp: 110 °C.

Example 119

Phenethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1400 mg, 17%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,10-1,60 (m, 4H), 1,83 (s, 1H), 2,40-2,70 (m, 5H), 2,78 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,08 (m, 1H), 3,87 (m, 2H), 4,58 (m, 1H), 7,16-7,40 (m, 10H); MS [M+1]⁺: 351.

Example 120**1-Methyl-3-(R)(phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
bromide**

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 140 mg , 73%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,40-2,30 (m, 5H), 2,80 (m, 2H), 2,94 (s, 3H), 3,10-3,50 (m, 5H), 3,78-3,95 (m, 3H), 4,89 (m, 1H), 7,16-7,41 (m, 10H); MS [M-Br]⁺: 365; mp : 203 °C.

Example 121**1-Allyl-3-(R)(phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane;
trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg , 35%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 391.

Example 122**3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg , 41%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 485.

Example 123**3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg , 40%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,45-2,18 (m, 5H), 2,81 (m, 2H), 3,28-3,70 (m, 7H), 3,80-4,02 (m, 3H), 4,43 (m, 2H), 4,95 (m, 1H), 6,98-7,04 (m, 2H), 7,16-7,40 m, 13H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 471.

Example 124**3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg , 37%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆) : δ 1,45-2,20 (m, 7H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 2,81 (m, 2H), 3,05-3,5 (m, 7H), 3,78-3,89 (m, 3H), 4,91 (m, 1H), 7,17-7,42 (m, 15H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 469.

Example 125

3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 4 mg, 11%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 467.

Example 126

1-(2-Benzyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 36%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 485.

Example 127

1-[3-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 35%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,45-2,20 (m, 7H), 2,82 (m, 2H), 3,05-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,83-3,99 (m, 5H), 4,94 (m, 1H), 6,33-6,39 (m, 3H), 7,04-7,09 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,44 (m, 10H), 9,49 (s, OH); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 501.

Example 128

1-Heptyl-3-(R)(phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg, 42%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,88 (m, 3H), 1,28 (m, 8H), 1,55-2,20 (m, 7H), 2,82 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,68-3,89 (m, 3H), 4,92 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,43 (m, 10H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 449.

Example 129

3-(R)(Phenethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg, 39%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 475.

Example 130

Pentylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 620 mg, 9%; ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,83 (m, 3H), 1,22-1,30 (m, 5H), 1,43-1,56 (m, 5H), 1,83 (s, 1H), 2,42-2,65 (m, 5H), 3,01-3,06 (m, 1H), 3,59-3,65 (m, 2H), 4,49 (m, 1H), 7,22-7,41 (m, 5H); MS $[\text{M}+1]^+$: 317.

Example 131

1-Methyl-3-(R)(pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 130 mg, 68%; ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,81 (m, 3H), 1,21 (m, 5H), 1,45-2,20 (m, 6H), 2,93 (s, 3H), 3,10-3,70 (m, 7H), 3,80 (m, 1H), 4,88 (m, 1H), 7,24-7,41 (m, 5H); MS $[\text{M}-\text{Br}]^+$: 331.

Example 132

1-Allyl-3-(R)(pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 35%; ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,83 (m, 3H), 1,21-1,28 (m, 4H), 1,46 (m, 3H), 1,54-1,91 (m, 3H), 2,30 (m, 1H), 3,28-3,41 (m, 5H), 3,78-3,92 (m, 5H), 4,94 (m, 1H), 5,54-5,64 (m, 2H), 5,98 (m, 1H), 7,26-7,43 (m, 5H); MS $[\text{M}-\text{CF}_3\text{COO}]^+$: 357.

Example 133

3-(R)(Pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2] octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 36%; MS $[\text{M}-\text{CF}_3\text{COO}]^+$: 451.

Example 134

3-(R)(Pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2] octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 14 mg, 40%; ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,23 (m, 4H), 1,46 (m, 3H), 1,54-1,91 (m, 3H), 2,25 (s, 1H), 3,28-3,70 (m, 9H), 3,98 (m, 1H), 4,43 (m, 2H), 4,95 (m, 1H), 6,98-7,04 (m, 3H), 7,23-7,4 (m, 7H); MS $[\text{M}-\text{CF}_3\text{COO}]^+$: 437.

Example 135

3-(R)(Pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 37%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,20-1,25 (m, 5H), 1,44 (m, 3H), 1,68-2,13 (m, 7H), 2,58 (m, 2H), 3,00-3,41 (m, 5H), 3,54-3,69 (m, 2H), 3,79-3,85 (m, 1H), 4,92 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,42 (m, 10H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 435.

Example 136

3-(R)(Pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 4 mg , 12%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 433.

Example 137

1-(2-Benzoyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg , 42%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 451.

Example 138

1-[3-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo [2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 32%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 467.

Example 139

1-Heptyl-3-(R)(pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg , 45%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 415.

Example 140

3-(R)(Pentylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo [2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 37%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,82 (m, 3H), 1,22-1,26 (m, 5H), 1,46 (m,

3H), 1,60-2,14 (m, 7H), 2,82 (m, 2H), 3,20-3,41 (m, 5H), 3,50-3,70 (m, 2H), 3,82 (m, 1H), 4,92 (m, 1H), 6,93-6,99 (m, 2H), 7,25-7,43 (m, 6H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 441.

Example 141

Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 690 mg, 14%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,10-1,60 (m, 6H), 1,84 (bs, 1H), 1,97-2,04 (m, 2H), 2,45-2,65 (m, 5H), 3,02-3,10 (m, 1H), 3,29-3,66 (m, 2H), 4,59 (m, 1H), 4,61-5,00 (m, 2H), 5,70-5,84 (m, 1H), 7,22-7,42 (m, 5H); MS [M+1]⁺: 315.

Example 142

1-Allyl-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 35%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 355.

Example 143

3-(R)(Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg, 42%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,50-2,20 (m, 11H), 3,23-3,47 (m, 7H), 3,56-3,73 (m, 2H), 3,87 (m, 1H), 4,03 (m, 2H), 4,92-4,95 (m, 2H), 5,00 (m, 1H), 5,70-5,82 (m, 1H), 6,93-6,99 (m, 2H), 7,26-7,44 (m, 8H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 449.

Example 144

3-(R)(Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 37%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,55 (m, 2H), 1,65-2,20 (m, 7H), 3,28-3,75 (m, 9H), 3,98 (m, 1H), 4,43 (bs, 2H), 4,92-4,99 (m, 3H), 5,70-5,83 (m, 1H), 6,98-7,04 (m, 3H), 7,24-7,40 (m, 7H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 435.

Example 145

3-(R)(Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 37%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,56 (m, 3H), 1,70-2,14 (m, 8H), 2,58 (m,

2H), 3,19-3,41 (m, 7H), 3,56-3,71 (m, 2H), 3,81 (m, 1H), 4,92-4,99 (m, 3H), 5,70-5,83 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,43 (m, 10H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 433.

Example 146

5 **3-(R)(Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 4 mg , 12%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 431.

10 **Example 147**

1-(2-Benzyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg , 44%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 449.

15

Example 148

1-[3-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 32%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 465.

20

Example 149

1-Heptyl-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

25 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 3 mg , 9%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 413.

Example 150

30 **1-Methyl-3-(R)(pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 49%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 429.

Example 151

35 **3-(R)(Pent-4-enylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg , 43%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,20 (m, 11H), 2,82 (m, 2H), 3,05-3,5 (m, 7H), 3,58-3,86 (m, 3H), 4,92-4,95 (m, 2H) 5,00 (m, 1H), 5,70-5,84 (m, 1H), 6,93-7,00 (m, 2H), 7,26-7,44 (m, 6H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 439.

Example 152

Phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 2000 mg , 15%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,10-1,60 (m, 4H), 1,84 (bs, 1H), 2,46-2,62 (m, 5H), 3,02-3,10 (m, 1H), 4,62-4,67 (m, 1H), 4,84 (s, 2H), 6,99 (m, 1H), 7,18-7,36 (m, 6H), 7,47-7,50 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺: 343.

Example 153

1-Allyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 8 mg , 26%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,45-2,00 (m, 4H), 2,21 (bs, 1H), 3,04-3,42 (m, 5H), 3,78-3,91 (m, 3H), 4,87 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 5,54-5,64 (m, 2H), 5,91-6,02 (m, 1H), 7,00-7,02 (m, 1H), 7,22-7,39 (m, 6H), 7,50-7,52 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 383.

Example 154

1-(3-Phenoxypropyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 31%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 477.

Example 155

1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 15 mg , 41%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,45-2,18 (m, 7H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,02-3,44 (m, 7H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 4,87 (s, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 7,00 (m, 1H), 7,21-7,38 (m, 11H), 7,47-7,50 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 461.

Example 156

1-(3-Phenylallyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 4 mg , 11%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 459.

Example 157

1-(2-Benzyloxyethyl)-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 16 mg , 42%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 477.

Example 158

1-[3-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 33%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 493.

Example 159

1-Methyl-3-(R)(phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 12 mg , 42%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 357.

Example 160

3-(R)(Phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 500 mg , 78%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,45-2,19 (m, 7H), 2,83 (m, 2H), 3,04-3,13 (m, 1H), 3,19-3,46 (m, 6H), 3,83-3,90 (m, 1H), 4,88 (s, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 6,94 (m, 3H), 7,20-7,40 (m, 7H), 7,49 (m, 1H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 467; mp : 110 °C.

Example 161

3-(R)(Phenylthiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 350 mg , 63%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,45-2,20 (m, 5H), 3,27 (m, 1H), 3,40-3,80

(m, 6H), 4,00-4,06 (m, 1H), 4,44 (bs, 2H), 4,87 (s, 2H), 5,02 (m, 1H), 6,99-7,04 (m, 4H), 7,20-7,38 (m, 8H), 7,48 (m, 1H); MS [M- Br]⁺: 463; mp : 131 °C.

Example 162

5 Butylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1300 mg , 29%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,85 (m, 3H), 1,19-1,68 (m, 8H), 1,92 (m, 1H), 2,49-2,64 (m, 5H), 3,05-3,22 (m, 3H), 4,56-4,62 (m, 3H), 6,95-7,04 (m, 2H), 7,42-7,44 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺: 323.

Example 163

1-Allyl-3-(R)(butylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

10 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg , 23%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,86 (m, 3H), 1,20-1,26 (m, 2H), 1,42-1,49 (m, 2H), 1,58-2,05 (m, 4H), 2,32 (bs, 1H), 3,20-3,41 (m, 7H), 3,74-3,94 (m, 3H), 4,51-4,72 (m, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 5,55-5,64 (m, 2H), 5,87-6,10 (m, 1H), 6,99 (m, 1H), 7,08 (m, 1H), 7,46 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 363.

Example 164

20 3-(R)(Butylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoxyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg , 25%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0,85 (m, 3H), 1,19-1,26 (m, 2H), 1,41-1,50 (m, 2H), 1,75-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,30 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,10-3,50 (m, 9H), 3,83 (m, 1 H), 4,50-4,74 (m, 2H), 4,97 (m, 1H), 6,97 (m, 1H), 7,07 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,35 (m, 5H), 7,43 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 441.

Example 165

30 bis-Thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 340 mg , 7%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,28-1,31 (m, 1H), 1,45-1,72 (m, 3H), 1,94-1,97 (m, 1H), 2,49-2,71 (m, 5H), 3,06-3,14 (m, 1H), 4,50-4,57 (m, 4H), 4,62-4,69 (m, 1H), 6,96-7,06 (m, 4H), 7,44-7,46 (m, 2H); MS [M+1]⁺: 363.

Example 166

1-Allyl-3-(R)(bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 9 mg , 19%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,70-2,06 (m, 4H), 2,35 (bs, 1H), 3,25-3,50 (m, 5H), 3,80-3,94 (m, 3H), 4,54-4,71 (m, 4H), 5,10 (m, 1H), 5,55-5,65 (m, 2H), 5,87-6,10 (m, 1H), 6,98-7,01 (m, 2H), 7,06-7,10 (m, 2H), 7,47-7,48 (m, 2H); MS [M-CF₃COO]⁺: 403.

Example 167

3-(R)(bis-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; bromide

The title compound was synthesised according to method c. The yield of the final step was 690 mg , 82%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,78-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,34 (bs, 1H), 2,53-2,63 (m, 2H), 3,23-3,48 (m, 7H), 3,88 (m, 1H), 4,53-4,74 (m, 4H), 5,05 (m, 1H), 6,98-7,01 (m, 2H), 7,02-7,11 (m, 2H), 7,21-7,37 (m, 5H), 7,44-7,48 (m, 2H); MS [M-Br]⁺: 481.

Example 168

Furan-2-ylmethyl-2-thiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 700 mg , 10%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,10-1,34 (m, 1H), 1,44-1,67 (m, 3H), 1,93 (bs, 1H), 2,50-2,70 (m, 5H), 3,05-3,12 (m, 1H), 3,37-4,40 (m, 2H), 4,57-4,66 (m, 3H), 6,26-6,42 (m, 2H), 6,95-7,03 (m, 2H), 7,45 (m, 1H), 7,61 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺: 347.

Example 169

1-Allyl-3-(R)(furan-2-ylmethylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 7 mg , 15%; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 387.

Example 170

3-(R)(Furan-2-ylmethylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg , 20%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,70-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,31 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m,

2H), 3,15-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,84 (m, 1H), 4,36-4,56 (m, 4H), 5,03 (m, 1H), 6,32-6,44 (m, 2H), 6,92-7,08 (m, 2H), 7,20-7,35 (m, 5H), 7,41-7,46 (m, 1H), 7,59-7,62 m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 465.

5 **Example 171**

Allylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 3220 mg, 30%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,20-1,33 (m, 1H), 1,45-1,80 (m, 3H), 1,93 (bs, 1H), 2,49-2,72 (m, 5H), 3,05-3,09 (m, 1H), 3,81-3,83 (m, 2H), 3,83-4,55 (m, 3H), 10 5,14 (m, 2H), 5,70-5,82 (m, 1H), 6,96-7,04 (m, 2H), 7,44-7,45 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺: 307.

Example 172

1-Allyl-3-(R)(allylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 24%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,80-2,10 (m, 4H), 2,32 (bs, 1H), 3,20-3,50 (m, 5H), 3,75-3,94 (m, 5H), 4,5-4,69 (m, 2H), 5,01 (m, 1H), 5,10-5,23 (m, 2H), 5,51-5,65 (m, 2H), 5,70-5,85 (m, 1H), 5,90-6,08 (m, 1H), 6,95-7,10 (m, 2H), 7,47 (m, 1H); 20 MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 347.

Example 173

3-(R)(Allylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg, 22%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,74-2,10 m, 6H), 2,31 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,16-3,56 (m, 7H), 3,76-3,90 (m, 3H), 4,48-4,71 (m, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 5,11-5,23 (m, 2H), 5,72-5,83 (m, 1H), 6,98 (m, 1H), 7,06-7,07(m, 1H), 7,20-7,35 (m, 5H), 7,44 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 425.

30 **Example 174**

1-Allyl-3-(R)(cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 10 mg, 22%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,05 (m, 12H), 2,27 (bs, 1H), 3,03,3,42 (m, 5H), 3,70-3,95 (m, 3H), 4,15-4,35 (m, 1H), 5,58 (m, 2H), 4,99 (m, 1H), 5,54-5,65 (m, 35

2H), 5,87-6,10 (m, 1H), 6,97 (m, 1H), 7,03 (m, 1H), 7,41-7,43 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 375.

Example 175

5 **3-(R)(Cyclopentylthiophen-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 13 mg, 24%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,40-2,10 (m, 14H), 2,25 (bs, 1H), 2,58 (m, 2H), 2,95-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,81 (m, 1H), 4,26 (m, 1H), 4,50-4,70 (m, 2H), 4,97 (m, 1H), 6,93 (m, 1H), 7,03 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,40 (m, 6H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 453.

Example 176

Furan-2-ylmethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

15 The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 1400 mg, 18%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,19-1,60 (m, 4H), 1,84 (bs, 1H), 2,44-2,57 (m, 5H), 3,01-3,09 (m, 1H), 4,63 (m, 1H), 4,82 (s, 2H), 6,21 (m, 1H), 6,36 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,37 (m, 5H), 7,59 (m, 1H); MS [M+1]⁺: 327.

Example 177

20 **1-Allyl-3-(R)(furan-2-ylmethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 7 mg, 16%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 367.

Example 178

25 **3-(R)(Furan-2-ylmethylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate**

30 The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg, 21%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,65-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,19 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,10-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,83 (m, 1H), 4,85 (bs, 2H), 4,98 (m, 1H), 6,26 (m, 1H), 6,36 (m, 1H), 7,20-7,39 (m, 10H), 7,59 (m, 1H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 445.

Example 179

bis-Furan-2-ylmethylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-(R)yl ester

35 The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 2100 mg, 22%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,20-1,70 (m, 4H), 1,89 (bs, 1H), 2,45-

2,71 (m, 5H), 3,00-3,12 (m, 1H), 4,40 (m, 4H), 4,62 (m, 1H), 6,22-6,40 (m, 4H), 7,59 (m, 2H); MS [M+1]⁺: 331.

Example 180

1-Allyl-3-(R)(bis-furan-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 7 mg, 16%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ ; MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 371.

Example 181

3-(R)(bis-furan-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy)-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane; trifluoroacetate

The title compound was synthesised according to method d. The yield of the final step was 11 mg, 20%; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,70-2,10 (m, 6H), 2,29 (bs, 1H), 2,59 (m, 2H), 3,10-3,50 (m, 7H), 3,82 (m, 1H), 4,32-4,54 (m, 4H), 5,01 (m, 1H), 6,29-6,41 (m, 4H), 7,20-7,35 (m, 5H), 7,57-7,61 (m, 2H); MS [M- CF₃COO]⁺: 449.

Example 182

Benzylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-4-yl ester

The title compound was synthesised according to method a. The yield of the final step was 2.56 mg, 1%, as formate; ¹H- NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1,81 (m, 6H), 2,83 (m, 6H), 4,81 (s, 2H), 7,14-7,32 (m, 10H), 8,24. (s, 1H); MS [M-HCOO]⁺: 337

The following examples illustrate pharmaceutical compositions according to the present invention and procedures for their preparation.

Example 183

Preparation of a pharmaceutical composition: tablets

Formulation:

Compound of the present invention	5.0 mg
Lactose.....	113.6 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose.....	28.4 mg
Light silicic anhydride.....	1.5 mg
Magnesium stearate.....	1.5 mg

Using a mixer machine, 15 g of the compound of the present invention was mixed with 340.8 g of lactose and 85.2 g of microcrystalline cellulose. The mixture was subjected

to compression moulding using a roller compactor to give a flake-like compressed material. The flake-like compressed material was pulverized using a hammer mill, and the pulverized material was screened through a 20 mesh screen. A 4.5 g portion of light silicic anhydride and 4.5 g of magnesium stearate were added to the screened material and mixed. The mixer product was subjected to a tablets making machine equipped with a die/punch system of 7.5 mm in diameter, thereby obtaining 3,000 tablets each having 150 mg in weight.

Example 184

Preparation of a pharmaceutical composition: tablets coated

Formulation:

Compound of the present invention.....	5.0 mg
Lactose.....	95.2 mg
Corn starch.....	40.8 mg
Polyvinylpyrrolidone	7.5 mg
Magnesium stearate.....	1.5 mg
Hydroxypropylcellulose.....	2.3 mg
Polyethylene glycol	0.4 mg
Titanium dioxide.....	1.1 mg
Purified talc.....	0.7 mg

Using a fluidized bed granulating machine, 15 g of the compound of the present invention was mixed with 285.6 g of lactose and 122.4 g of corn starch. Separately, 22.5 g of polyvinylpyrrolidone was dissolved in 127.5 g of water to prepare a binding solution. Using a fluidized bed granulating machine, the binding solution was sprayed on the above mixture to give granulates. A 4.5 g portion of magnesium stearate was added to the obtained granulates and mixed. The obtained mixture was subjected to a tablet making machine equipped with a die/punch biconcave system of 6.5 mm in diameter, thereby obtaining 3,000 tablets, each having 150 mg in weight.

Separately, a coating solution was prepared by suspending 6.9 g of hydroxypropylmethylcellulose 2910, 1.2 g of polyethylene glycol 6000, 3.3 g of titanium dioxide and 2.1 g of purified talc in 72.6 g of water. Using a High Coated, the 3,000 tablets prepared above were coated with the coating solution to give film-coated tablets, each having 154.5 mg in weight.

Example 185

Preparation of a pharmaceutical composition: liquid inhalant

Formulation:

Compound of the present invention..... 400 µg

Physiological saline..... 1 ml

- 5 A 40 mg portion of the compound of the present invention was dissolved in 90 ml of physiological saline, and the solution was adjusted to a total volume of 100 ml with the same saline solution, dispensed in 1 ml portions into 1 ml capacity ampoule and then sterilized at 115° for 30 minutes to give liquid inhalant.

10 **Example 186****Preparation of a pharmaceutical composition: powder inhalant**

Formulation:

Compound of the present invention..... 200 µg

Lactose..... 4,000 µg

15

A 20 g portion of the compound of the present invention was uniformly mixed with 400 g of lactose, and a 200 mg portion of the mixture was packed in a powder inhaler for exclusive use to produce a powder inhalant.

20 **Example 187****Preparation of a pharmaceutical composition: inhalation aerosol.**

Formulation:

Compound of the present invention..... 200 µg

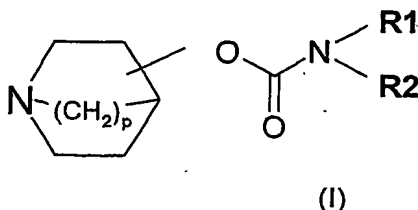
Dehydrated (Absolute) ethyl alcohol USP..... 8,400 µg

25 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134A)..... 46,810 µg

- The active ingredient concentrate is prepared by dissolving 0.0480 g of the compound of the present invention in 2.0160 g of ethyl alcohol. The concentrate is added to an appropriate filling apparatus. The active ingredient concentrate is dispensed into
- 30 aerosol container, the headspace of the container is purged with Nitrogen or HFC-134A vapour (purging ingredients should not contain more than 1 ppm oxygen) and is sealed with valve. 11.2344 g of HFC-134A propellant is then pressure filled into the sealed container.

CLAIMS

1. A compound which is a carbamate of formula (I):



10 wherein

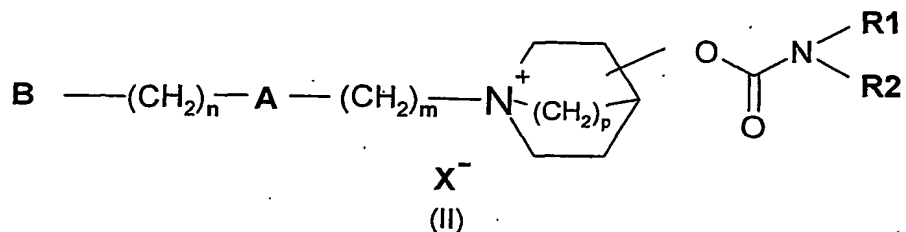
R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, benzyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl;

15 R2 represents a group selected from optionally substituted lower alkyl, optionally substituted lower alkenyl, optionally substituted lower alkynyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkylmethyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, pyridyl, and
20 pyridylmethyl; wherein the carbocyclic moieties in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, phenyl, benzyl or phenethyl groups can be optionally bridged or fused to another saturated, unsaturated or aromatic carbocyclic moiety or to a cyclic moiety comprising carbon atoms and 1 or 2 oxygen atoms;

25 the cyclic groups present in R1 and R2 being optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, -NR'R'', -CO₂R', -C(O)-NR'R'', -N(R''')C(O)-R', -N(R''')-C(O)NR'R'', wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently
30 represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which they are attached form a cyclic group;

35 p is 1 or 2 and the carbamate group is attached at positions 2, 3 or 4 of the azabicyclic ring,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, including quaternary ammonium salts of formula (II)



wherein R1, R2 and p are as defined above;

m is an integer from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 0 to 4;

A represents a group selected from $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CR}'-$, $-\text{CR}'=\text{CH}-$, $-\text{CR}'\text{R}''-$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $-\text{O}-$, $-\text{S}-$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})-$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$ and $-\text{NR}'-$, wherein R' and R'' are as defined above;

B represents a hydrogen atom, or a group selected from straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, cyano, nitro, $-\text{CH}=\text{CR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}'$, $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{SC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}''$, cycloalkyl, phenyl, naphthanelyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthanelyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl; R' and R'' being as defined above; and wherein the cyclic groups represented by B are optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, phenyl, $-\text{OR}'$, $-\text{SR}'$, $-\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NHCOR}'$, $-\text{CONR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$ and $-\text{COOR}'$; R' and R'' being as defined above;

X⁻ represents a pharmaceutically acceptable anion of a mono or polyvalent acid;

including all individual stereoisomers of formulae (I) or (II) and mixtures thereof;

with the proviso that the compound of formula (I) is not one of

Diphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Ethylphenylcarbamic acid 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

2. A compound of formula (I) or formula (II) according to claim 1, wherein when the cyclic group present in R1 is unsubstituted or has only one substituent R2 has at least one substituent.

3. A compound of formula (I) or formula (II) according to claim 1 wherein when R2 is not substituted the cyclic group present in R1 has at least two substituents.

4. A compound of formula (I) according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein when:

p is 2;

the carbamate group is attached at position 3 of the azabicyclic ring;

and R1 is an unsubstituted indanyl group or a phenyl group, which is optionally substituted with one or two substituents selected from chlorine, fluorine, bromine, methyl, hydroxy and cyano;

then R2 cannot be one of: unsubstituted cyclopropylmethyl; unsubstituted cyclobutylmethyl; unsubstituted cyclopentylmethyl; cyclohexylmethyl optionally substituted with a methyl or an isopropenyl group; unsubstituted cyclohexenyl; unsubstituted norbornenyl; unsubstituted bicyclo[2,2,1]heptanyl; unsubstituted benzo[1,3]dioxolyl; unsubstituted 2,3-dihydrobenzo[1,4]dioxinyl; unsubstituted benzyl; a benzyl group which is substituted with one or two substituents selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methoxy, methyl, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tertbutyl, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl, trifluoromethoxy, benzyloxy, isopropoxy; and a benzyl group which is substituted with three fluorine atoms.

5. A compound of formula (I) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein R1 represents a group selected from 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, benzyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl; the cyclic groups present in R1 being optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, -NR'R'', -CO₂R', -C(O)-NR'R'', -N(R''')C(O)-R', -N(R''')-C(O)NR'R'', wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which they are attached form a cyclic group;

6. A compound of formula (I) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein R₂ represents an optionally substituted group selected from lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, saturated or unsaturated cycloalkyl, phenyl, phenethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, pyridyl, and pyridylmethyl
5 or a saturated or unsaturated cycloalkylmethyl group which has at least one substituent and is selected from substituted cyclopropylmethyl, substituted cyclobutylmethyl and substituted cyclopentylmethyl; the substituents of the cyclic groups present in R₂ being one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower
10 alkoxy, -SH, straight or branched optionally substituted lower alkylthio, nitro, cyano, -NR'R'', -CO₂R', -C(O)-NR'R'', -N(R''')C(O)-R', -N(R''')-C(O)NR'R'', wherein R', R'' and R''' each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl group or R' and R'' together with the atom to which
15 they are attached form a cyclic group;

7. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein when

p is 2;

20 the carbamate group is attached at position 3 of the azoniabicyclic ring having (3R)-configuration;

R₁ is a phenyl group which is optionally substituted with a fluorine atom or a methyl
25 group;

R₂ is an unsubstituted cyclohexylmethyl group or a benzyl group which is optionally substituted with one or three fluorine atoms;

30 and X⁻ iodine;

then, the sequence B-(CH₂)_n-A-(CH₂)_m- cannot be a methyl group.

8. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 with the proviso
35 that the said compound is not one of:

(3R)-3-(Benzylphenylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

iodide

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluorobenzyl)phenylcarbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.

2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-3-(Benzyl-o-tolylcarbamoyloxy)-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-1-Methyl-3-[o-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-

azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluorobenzyl)-m-tolylcarbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

iodide

(3R)-3-[Benzyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane

iodide

(3R)-3-[Cyclohexylmethyl-(2-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-

azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane iodide

9. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3, 7 or 8 wherein R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl or furan-3-ylmethyl, the cyclic groups present in R1 being optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, hydroxy and cyano.

10. A compound of formula (II) according to claim 9 wherein R1 represents a group selected from phenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl, 4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, 4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, 5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl, 5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl, and 2,5-dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl,

11. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 10 wherein R2 represents a pent-4-enyl, pentyl, butyl, allyl, benzyl, thiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, furan-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, phenethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or cyclohexylmethyl group, the cyclic groups present in R2 being optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, hydroxy and cyano.

12. A compound according to claim 11 wherein R2 represents a group selected from 3-fluorobenzyl, 2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl, 3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl, 5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl,

3,4-dimethoxyphenylethyl, 3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, thiophen-3-ylmethyl, 4-bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl, 4,5-dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl, furan-3-ylmethyl, 2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl, butyl, pent-4-enyl and cyclopentyl.

5 13. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 12 wherein A is $-\text{CH}_2-$, m and n are both 0, and B represents a group selected from straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkoxy, cyano, nitro, $-\text{CH}=\text{CR}''$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}'$, $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{SC}(\text{O})\text{R}'$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}''$, $-\text{NR}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}''$, cycloalkyl, phenyl, naphthanelyl, 5,6,7,8-
10 tetrahydronaphthanelyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl; R' and R'' being as defined in claim 1; and wherein the cyclic groups represented by B are optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from halogen, hydroxy, straight or branched, optionally substituted lower alkyl, phenyl, $-\text{OR}'$, $-\text{SR}'$, $-\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{NHCOR}'$, $-\text{CONR}'\text{R}''$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$ and $-\text{COOR}'$; R' and R'' being as defined above;

15 14. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 12 wherein A is $-\text{CH}_2-$, B is as defined in claim 1 and at least one of m or n is not 0.

20 15. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 12 wherein B represents a thiophen-2-yl group or a phenyl group which is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from halogen atoms, or hydroxy, methyl, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, $-\text{OMe}$, $-\text{NMe}_2$, $-\text{NHCOMe}$, $-\text{CONH}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{COOMe}$, or $-\text{CF}_3$ groups.

25 16. A compound according to claim 15, wherein B represents a phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl or thiophen-2-yl group.

30 17. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3, 7 to 12, 15 or 16 wherein $n=0$ or 1; m is an integer from 1 to 6; and A represents a $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, $-\text{CO}-$, $-\text{NMe}-$, $-\text{O}-$ or $-\text{S}-$ group.

18. A compound of formula (II) according to claim 17, wherein m is 1, 2 or 3 and A represents a $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, or $-\text{O}-$ group.

35 19. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 12 wherein the sequence $\text{B}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{A}-(\text{CH}_2)_m-$ represents a group selected from 3-phenoxypropyl, 2-phenoxyethyl, 3-phenylallyl, phenethyl, 3-phenylpropyl, 3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl,

3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propyl, 3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl, allyl, heptyl, 3-cyanopropyl and methyl.

20. A compound of formula (II) according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or 7 to 19 wherein X⁻ represents a chloride, bromide, trifluoroacetate or methanesulphonate anion.

21. A compound of formula (I) or (II) according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein p is 2.

22. A compound of formula (I) or (II) according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the azabicyclic ring is substituted in the 3-position.

23. A compound of formula (I) or (II) according to claim 22 wherein the carbon at the 3-position of the azabicyclic ring has R configuration.

24. A compound of formula (I) or (II) according to claim 22 wherein the carbon at the 3-position of the azabicyclic ring has S configuration.

25. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims, which is a single isomer.

26. A compound of formula (I) according to claim 1 which is one of:

[2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

[2-(4-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(2,6-Difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamic acid (3R)-1-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-

azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

(5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamic acid (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester

27. A compound of formula (II) according to claim 1 which is one of.

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorobenzyl)-(3-fluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-(2-Phenoxyethyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-3-[m-tolyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(5-Bromothiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenoxypropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-Phenethyl-3-[thiophen-3-ylmethyl-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4-Bromo-5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(4,5-Dimethylfuran-2-ylmethyl)-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-[3-(3-hydroxyphenoxy)propyl]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-[3-(4-Fluorophenoxy)propyl]-3-[furan-3-ylmethyl-(5-methyl-2-trifluoromethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(2,5-Dimethylfuran-3-ylmethyl)-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-thiophen-2-ylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[Butyl-(2,5-difluorophenyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-heptyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-1-(3-cyanopropyl)-3-[(2,6-difluorophenyl)pent-4-enylcarbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[Cyclopentyl-(4,5-dimethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-methyl-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane trifluoroacetate

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluorophenyl)-(3,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(5-Ethylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-(5-methylfuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylbutyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane formate

(3R)-3-[(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-(2-phenoxyethyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-3-[(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)thiophen-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxy]-1-(3-phenylallyl)-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

(3R)-1-Allyl-3-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-(3-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyloxy]-1-azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bromide

28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 27 in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

29. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 27 for the treatment of a pathological condition or disease susceptible to amelioration by antagonism of M3 muscarinic receptors.

30. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 27 in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a pathological condition or disease susceptible to amelioration by antagonism of M3 muscarinic receptors.

5

31. Use according to claim 30 wherein the pathological condition is a respiratory, urological or gastrointestinal disease or disorder.

10

32. A method for treating a subject afflicted with a pathological condition or disease susceptible to amelioration by antagonism of M3 muscarinic receptors, which comprises administering to said subject an effective amount of a compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 27.

15

33. A method according to claim 32 wherein the pathological condition is a respiratory, urological or gastrointestinal disease or disorder.

20

34. A combination product comprising
(i) a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 27; and
(ii) another compound effective in the treatment of a respiratory, urological or gastrointestinal disease or disorder
for simultaneous, separate or sequential use.

25

35. A combination product according to claim 34 comprising
(i) a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 27; and
(ii) a β_2 agonist, steroid, antiallergic drug, phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor and/or leukotriene D4 (LTD4) antagonist
for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of a respiratory disease.

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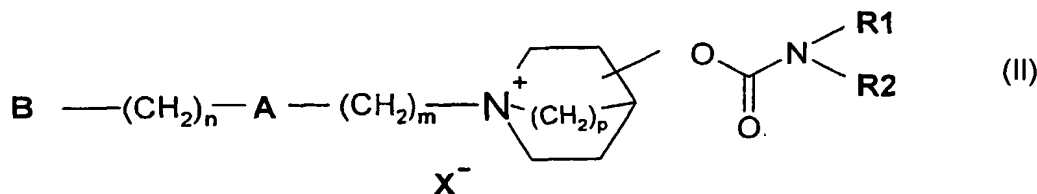
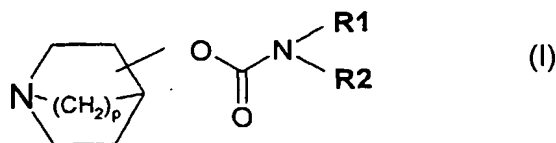
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(54) Title: QUINUCLIDINE DERIVATIVES AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING THE SAME



(57) Abstract: Carbamates of formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, including quaternary ammonium salts of formula (II) are disclosed; as well as processes for their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions comprising them and their use in therapy as antagonists of M3 muscarinic receptors.

WO 2004/000840 A3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat Application No
PCT/E 3/06472

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D453/02 A61K31/439 A61P1/08 A61P11/08 A61P13/10

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, EPO-Internal, PAJ, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P, X	WO 02 051841 A (ALMIRALL PRODESFARMA SA ;BUIL ALBERO MARIA ANTONIA (ES); FERNANDEZ) 4 July 2002 (2002-07-04) page 4, formula (I), formula (II) page 19, line 18 -page 20, line 13 page 20, line 28 - line 30 claim 23	1-35
X	WO 02 00652 A (FERNANDEZ GARCIA ANDRES ;FERNANDEZ SERRAT ANNA (ES); SALCEDO ROCA) 3 January 2002 (2002-01-03) cited in the application page 3, formula (I) page 5, line 16 - line 19 claims 7-12	1-35

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *G* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

19 November 2003

Date of mailing of the international search report

05/12/2003

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DATABASE CAPLUS 'Online! CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS SERVICE, COLUMBUS, OHIO, US; database accession no. 69:35886, XP002262097 abstract	
A	& J. L. G. NILSSON ET AL.: "Some quinuclidine derivatives with potential antimalarial activity" ACTA PHARMACEUTICA SUECICA., vol. 5, no. 2, 1968, pages 71-76, STOCKHOLM; SE ISSN: 0001-6675 -----	1

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte... application No.
EP 03/06472

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Although claims 29, 32 and 33 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Publication No

PCT/EP 03/06472

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